

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for Year Ending June 30, 2019



City of Cottonwood

Arizona

City of Cottonwood, Arizona

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by the Finance Department

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December 31, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Cottonwood:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a certified public accounting firm licensed in the State of Arizona. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Cottonwood (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Cottonwood's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by The Pun Group LLP, a certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit as required by the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and Uniform Guidance designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies.

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The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited entity's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued Single Audit Reporting Package filed with the Federal Audit Clearinghouse.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Cottonwood's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The community of Cottonwood was settled in 1879 and named after the tall stands of cottonwood trees. The first settlers were ranchers utilizing the fertile grasslands along the Verde River to feed their herds. Cottonwood developed as a farming and ranching community to support the nearby copper mining industry in Clarkdale and Jerome. The city incorporated in 1960 as the Town of Cottonwood. In 1987, the voters approved a name change from Town to City.

The City of Cottonwood, Arizona is situated in central Arizona bordering the Verde River to its north. The total geographic area is 15.75 square miles. Cottonwood is near the geographic center of Arizona adjacent to Interstate 17 on State Highways 89A and 260. The 2010 Census places the population at 11,265. Cottonwood is the retail and services center for the Verde Valley area. The main industries are tourism and wine, government services, medical and health services, retail and education.

The City of Cottonwood, Arizona has a Council-Manager form of government consisting of the Mayor and six Council Members. The Mayor is elected directly by the voters and serves a four-year term. The voters elect six City Council representatives for staggered four-year terms. The City Council is vested with policy and legislative authority and is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, commissions, and board members, and appointing the positions of City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk and Magistrate Judge. The City Council appoints a City Manager who is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, as well as overseeing the general operations of the various departments within the City.

The City of Cottonwood, Arizona provides a full range of municipal services, including law enforcement and fire suppression. Other services include road maintenance, park and recreational services, regulation of building and zoning codes, animal control, and a public library. Cottonwood offers community facilities including a swimming pool, civic center, recreation center, sports fields and community parks. The City also operates and maintains a water/wastewater utility, a cemetery, and a municipal airport.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

<u>Internal Controls.</u> As earlier noted, the management of the City of Cottonwood, Arizona is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurances regarding;

- 1) Safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or deposition, and
- 2) Reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurances recognizes:

- 1) The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and
- 2) The valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The system of internal control is subject to periodic evaluation by management and is also considered by the independent auditors in connection with the annual audit of the City's financial statements. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. The City's internal accounting controls are considered to adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurances of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls. The budget process is a cyclical process. A "beginning point" is the preparation of the base budget by each department head. Each budget is based on expenditures to date and the previous years' experience. The departments' base budgets, along with any requests for new positions, programs or services are then presented to the City Manager. City management then meets with each department head to review their base budget and requests for new services and/or programs. Once management has reviewed the departments' requests, a tentative budget is presented to the City Council by the City Manager in June.

In accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes, the City Manager submits a proposed budget to the City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The City is subject to the State of Arizona's Annual Expenditure Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the city to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carry-over unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. All appropriations lapse at year-end requiring actual fund balances to be re-budgeted each fiscal year.

The City operates under the voter-approved Alternative Expenditure Limitation as do all cities and towns in the State of Arizona. That makes a municipality subject to numerous budget and related legal requirements. Article IX, Section 20 (1) of the Arizona Constitution sets limits on the City's legal budget capacity.

In May 21, 2013, the electorate authorized the City, in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes, to establish a permanent base adjustment to the State imposed expenditure limit. This option allows Cottonwood to adjust the State imposed expenditure base from the original 1979-80 base of \$1,105,601 to \$7,000,000.

To ensure compliance with the state imposed expenditure limitation, a uniform expenditure report must be filed with the state each year. This report reconciles total City expenditures from the audited financial statements to total expenditures for reporting in accordance with the state's uniform expenditure reporting system (ARS Section 41-1279.07). Public hearings on the budget are held each year in accordance with legal requirements in order to obtain comments from local taxpayers.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within the department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require City Council approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. Budget-to-actual comparisons for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds are presented in the Required Supplementary Information section following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements and all other funds are presented in Other Information – Fund Schedules.

<u>Local Economy.</u> The City of Cottonwood, Arizona continues to face many growth issues. Its citizens, governing body, and municipal government are committed to finding solutions for each of the issues. This strong commitment to the community has made 2019 a successful year, and will provide for future success. The City of Cottonwood continues to research programs that have been postponed in the recent years. Additionally, the City hopes to correct any deficiencies that may have occurred during the most recent economic recession.

In order to correct these deficiencies, the City has proposed a baseline budget requiring any new positions be delayed by three to six months. All vacancies will be evaluated to access the need for replacement, elimination or modification to the job description. The City will be closely monitoring its revenue sources and make adjustments accordingly.

<u>Economic Outlook</u>. Retail Sales – Not having a property tax, the City of Cottonwood, Arizona relies heavily on city transaction privilege tax (TPT), sometimes called a sales tax. Overall, city TPT revenues provide over 54% of the General Fund revenues. The city's TPT rate is currently at 3.5%, and the City also has a 3.5% Bed Tax (occupancy) a portion of which is transferred to the local Chamber of Commerce to promote economic development and tourism.

The TPT on construction projects has two parts to it a 3.5% construction TPT is collected for the General Fund and an additional 1% construction TPT is collected specifically for street maintenance and goes into the Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF).

State Shared Revenues - The City of Cottonwood, Arizona receives significant revenue allocations from the State. These "State Shared Revenues" include allocations of the state-collected income tax, sales tax, fuel tax and motor vehicle-in-lieu taxes. All but the fuel tax is placed in the City's General Fund, where it is used to sustain a large portion of the City's day-to-day activities. These revenue sources have improved recently and have increased by approximately 6% over the fiscal year 2018 and 2019.

Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) - The state shared fuel tax, as it is often called, is placed in this fund to be used specifically for street maintenance and construction. In recent years, the state legislature has reduced the formula distribution of state-shared revenues to cities. The state shared revenue formulas generally allocate revenues based on official census data. (Last census: Year 2010).

Long-Term Financial Planning. The City's Budget Policy has helped weather the slow economic recovery. This policy continues to require the City to internally restrict an amount equal to 16.67% of the previous year's operating revenues as part of its General Fund balance. This is also estimated to be about 60 days of expenditures coverage.

Additionally, an accumulating reserve of 2.67% of the previous year's general fund operating revenues is set aside for capital projects. This year represents the seventeenth year of this policy. With this fund now over \$1,000,000, the City Council, at the recommendation of Management, made the decision to cap this fund at \$1,000,000 and use any excess for everyday maintenance and operational costs. In Fiscal Year 2019 Council directed staff to designate a portion of a .5% sales tax increase to General Fund reserves. During FY 2019, \$396,000 was transferred to General Fund reserves from the increase and \$563,000 was transferred to the HURF Fund and the Transit Fund to assist those funds.

Regular reporting to the City Manager, General Manager & Department Heads, allows for prompt shifting of priorities in order to counter downward economic pressure. This year the General Fund alone was able to maintain its costs and still accomplish its overall goals.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

<u>For the Year</u>. The following depicts the continued commitment of the City of Cottonwood to make the community a better place to live. Fiscal Year 2019 goals obtained are summarized within this list of accomplishments:

Community Engagement

- Increased substantial use of social media to include Twitter and Facebook to market the city and obtain customer input
- Prepared the Council's float for the 2018 Christmas parade
- Completed the FY 2018 Financial Audit with the deliverance of accurate and transparent accounting for citizens
- Reviewed and updated, where applicable, the webpages of the Finance Department and made them more user-friendly and easier to acquire financial information and to help engage the community
- Successfully marketed Cottonwood as the 'Heart of Arizona Wine Country' and as a desirable tourist destination
- Actively promoted Cottonwood and the Verde Valley communities through 'Talk of the Town,' a bi-monthly program of Home Town Radio Group on KQNA Radio
- Economic development efforts have contributed overall to the recognition of the Verde Valley as an emerging American wine region in an August online article of Vogue, a fashion and lifestyle magazine.

- Coordinated with Cottonwood Oak Creek School District #6 regarding the installation of a school zone for the section between Willard Street and Quail Trail along Mingus Avenue
- Completed and shared the annual Police Department Strategic Plan with Council and the public
- Conducted large scale "Active Assailant" training activity in conjunction with the Cottonwood Police Department, neighboring fire districts, Verde Valley Medical Center, and Spectrum Healthcare
- The Youth Center served an average of 17 area youth per day during the After School Program and 34 per day during the Summer Camp. This equates to approximately 7,700 youth center visits.
- © Conducted four surveys (with over 450 responses) among library patrons, community members, library stakeholders and library staff respectively, which resulted in the formulation of seven strategic priorities, such as maximizing library hours, improving adult digital literacy skills and offering programs that embrace cultural diversity
- Received the Best Community Spirit Award for its float in the Cottonwood Christmas Parade
- Initiated a new outreach program in the form of newsletters, sent out with utility bills, posted on the City's website and Facebook to educate the community on code enforcement rules and regulations, in order to reduce the number of complaints received, and promote voluntary compliance.

Manage Future Growth

- Brought on a fixed-base operator (FBO) to operate and help promote the Cottonwood Municipal Airport
- Adopted the Dark Sky Ordinance
- Amended the Cottonwood Zoning Ordinance; General Provisions regarding the height of buildings (for fire safety purposes) and the location of detached buildings on corner lots, to the Parking and Loading Requirements to include bicycle parking, and to Light Commercial to permit outdoor entertainment in the Arts, Culture and Entertainment (ACE) District without a use permit
- Began the waterline replacement project of Mingus Avenue
- Completed the engineering phases of the Highway 260 Wellsite and pipeline project, and begin construction
- Together with stakeholders seek funding for a viable and sustainable transit service to the unincorporated communities of Cornville and Village of Oak Creek for which the routes have already been designed and costs estimated. This service expansion would meet the original vision of the Northern Arizona Council of Governments (NACOG) and the Northern Arizona Intergovernmental Public Transportation Authority (NAIPTA) to provide affordable public transportation to Verde Valley residents.
- Successfully negotiated a lease for the vacant modular building at the airport, formerly used by a skydiving business.

Promoting a Vibrant, Healthy and Educated Community

- Replaced 60-year old water main across wash at Willard Street and Main Street
- Constructed a concrete valley gutter and roadside drainage at the intersection of 17th Street
- Constructed a metal roof cover for the UV/pump area of the Mingus Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Installed more energy efficient and longer lasting LED lights in apron overhead lights at the Cottonwood Municipal Airport
- Mosted the Owning Up program, by partnering with Yavapai County that teaches children and teens how to exercise social responsibility
- Conducted nine business training sessions in the sectors of healthcare (2), real estate (2), agriculture (3), and accounting (2)
- Approach local leaders in the areas of education, social services, law enforcement, and private sector to inform them about the wide range of library offerings and how these offerings can support their mission and services.
- Adopted the National Emergency Number Association (NENA) Hearing Standards for public safety telecommunicators by establishing pre-hire requirements as well as regular testing of existing employees
- The Brian Mickelsen Memorial Marathon underwent a successful rebranding incorporating the city's wine-themed brand. The marathon saw a 23% increase in participants compared to 2017.
- As of January 2019, started a 4th fitness program called the AARP Medicare Supplement Plan through United Healthcare.
- Increased pickleball play to 7,191 visits in 2018 from 5,509 in FY 2017, showing a 30% growth.

Marketing Cottonwood

- Actively promoted Cottonwood and the Verde Valley communities through 'Talk of the Town, a bi-monthly program of Home Town Radio Group on KQNA Radio.
- Successfully marketed Cottonwood as the 'Heart of Arizona Wine Country' and as a desirable tourist destination
- Implemented a marketing plan for the Neighborhood Officer Program
- The 2018 Thunder Valley Rally achieved a cost recovery of 92%, slightly less than the 94% in 2017. Cash sponsorships saw an increase of about 35% from \$33,000 to \$44,500. Local charities collected \$21,835.
- Partnerships with Local First, Verde Valley Wine Consortium, Kiwanis, That Brewery, Mingus Union High School, and the Old Town Association were developed further, aimed at generating more special events revenue.
- Walkin' on Main (WOM) had its most successful year in terms of attendance and revenue. This year's event showcased the inauguration of the WOM Committee. Despite charging an entry fee for the first time for the car show and higher fees for vendor space, both sold out. The Verde Valley Wine Consortium also earned its largest gross revenue during this year's WOM.

Promote and Preserve Historic and Natural Resources

- Maintained participation in the planning meetings of the Verde Front, a regional collaborative in the Sedona-Verde Valley that fosters proactive dialogue, coordination and collective action on stewardship of natural and cultural resources
- Completed and submitted the application and supporting documentation for the modification of an Aquifer Projection Permit (APP) for the Riverfront Wastewater Reclamation Facility (RWRF)
- Successfully coordinated the ongoing regional study and gravimetric monitoring efforts of the Verde River and groundwater system by the US Geological Survey for the cities and towns, county, Yavapai

Apache Nation and the Arizona Department of Water Resources (ADWR) in the Verde River sub-basin

Develop Support and Maintain Infrastructure

- Replaced 60-year old water main across wash at Willard Street and Main Street
- Constructed a concrete valley gutter and roadside drainage at the intersection of 17th Street
- Constructed a metal roof cover for the UV/pump area of the Mingus Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Installed more energy efficient and longer lasting LED lights in apron overhead lights at the Cottonwood Municipal Airport

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

<u>Awards</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 28th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded this certificate, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

This certificate is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for the fiscal year ended 2019 certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>. The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the dedication of the staff and Finance Department. We also wish to thank all the department heads and members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Ron Corbin City Manager

Kirsten L. Lennon Financial Services Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

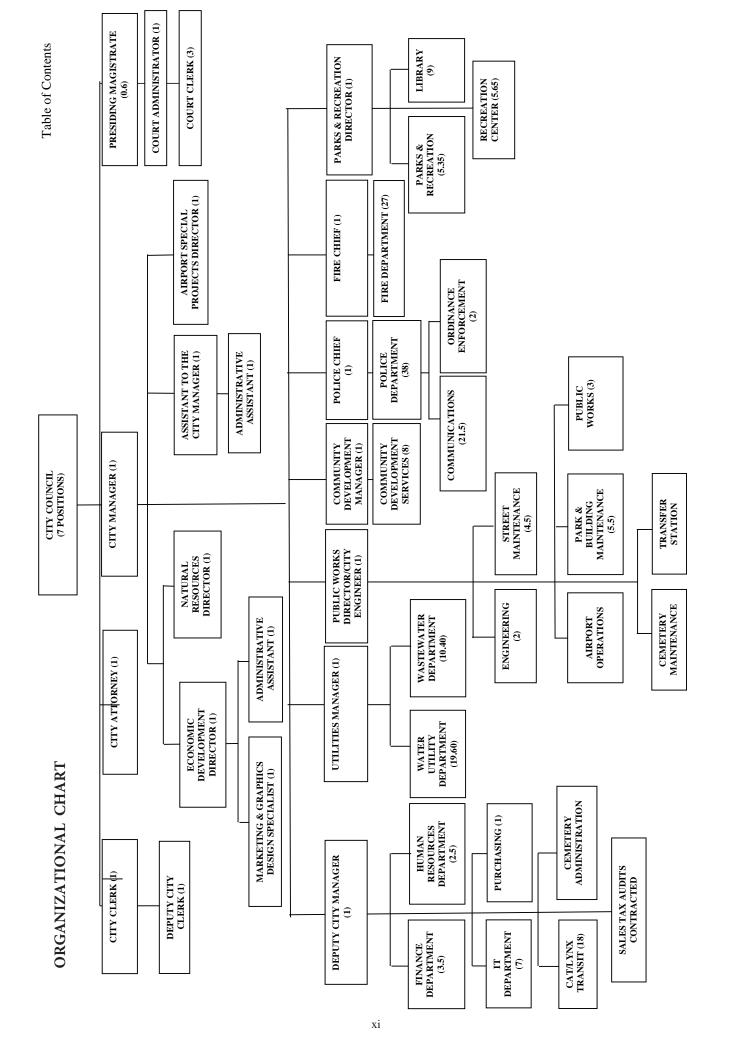
City of Cottonwood Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Principal Officials as of June 30, 2019

Tim Elinski, Mayor
Tosca Henry, Vice Mayor
Ruben Jauregui, Council Member
Deb Althouse, Council Member
Doug Hulse, Council Member
Michael Matthews, Council Member
Jackie Nairn, Council Member

City Staff as of June 30, 2019

Ron Corbin, City Manager

Jesus R. Rodriguez, Deputy City Manager

Kirsten Lennon, Financial Services Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Cottonwood Cottonwood, Arizona

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cottonwood, Arizona (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Cottonwood Cottonwood, Arizona Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion, Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedules of City's Proportionate Share of the Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Changes in Net Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios, and Schedules of City's Pension and OPEB Contributions, as identified in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Phoenix, Arizona December 31, 2019

City of Cottonwood, Arizona

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

(Required Supplementary Information)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Required Supplementary Information) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Management of the City of Cottonwood (the "City") provides the Management Discussion and Analysis of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for readers of the City's financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City is for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the additional information that is furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found preceding this narrative, and with the City's financial statements, which follow. Keep in mind that the Financial Highlights, immediately following, are strictly snapshots of information. Net position, changes in net position and fund disclosures are discussed in more detail later in the report.

Financial Highlights – Primary Government

Government-Wide Highlights

<u>Net Position</u> – Assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 by \$60.0 million, this compared to \$55.0 million at fiscal year end June 30, 2018. This is an overall increase of \$5.0 million or an increase of 9% of prior year's net position. Net position for governmental activities exceeded liabilities by \$16.5 million and this compares to \$14.5 million at June 30, 2018 an increase of 13%. The amount of increase in net position was \$2.0 million. Assets for business-type activities exceeded liabilities by \$43.5 million compared to \$40.5 million at June 30, 2018, an increase of 8%.

<u>Changes in Net Position</u> – The City's net position increased \$5.0 million in FY 2018-2019; this compared to \$5.3 million increase in FY 2017-2018. Net position of governmental activities increased \$2.0 million compared to a decrease of \$6.3 million in 2017-2018. Net position of business-type activities increased by \$3.0 million compared to a \$11.6 million increase in FY 2017-2018.

Fund Highlights

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – At the close of FY 2018-2019 the City's total governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$7.8 million, a \$1.9 million increase from the FY 2017-2018 balance of \$5.9 million, a increase of 34.0%. The increase in fund balance was due to an increase of sales tax revenues by .5% in November of FY 2019, this increase allowed the City to reserve a larger portion or revenues and to eliminate transfers to the non-governmental funds that had occurred in previous years.

<u>General Fund</u> – The fund balance of the general fund on June 30, 2019 was \$4.8 million. The fund balance increased \$1.6 million due to the City Council raising the City's sales tax rate in FY 2019 and designating that a large portion of the revenues received be reserved.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)
(Required Supplementary Information)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. They are comprised of the following:

- <u>Statement of Net Position</u> The Statement of Net Position presents summarized information of all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. This financial statement combines and consolidates governmental funds current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations.
- <u>Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position</u> The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highway and streets, transportation, and culture and leisure services. Business type activities include operations of the water and wastewater plant.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: Governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

The fund financial statements provide detail information about each of the City's most significant funds, called Major Funds. The concept of Major Funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each Major Fund is presented individually, while all Non-Major Funds are summarized and presented in a single column.

• <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources; as well as, on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) (Required Supplementary Information) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. A reconciliation of both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balance with the governmental-wide financial statements can be found on pages 30-33.

• <u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The City maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for water and wastewater. Internal service funds are used to report any activity that provides goods or services to other funds, departments or agencies of the primary government and its component units on a cost reimbursement basis. The goal of the internal service funds is to measure the full cost of providing goods or services for the purpose of fully recovering that cost through fees or charges. Because internal services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 38-40.

• <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary (Agency) funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Agency funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support City programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 53-98.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The required supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the major funds, and information regarding the obligation to provide pension benefits to employees. This information can be found on pages 99-125.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) (Required Supplementary Information) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

City of Cottonwood Net Position

	Governmental			Business-Type								
		Activities			Activities				Total			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Current & Other Assets	\$	10,808,432	\$	8,866,316	\$	23,744,314	\$	21,204,348	\$	34,552,746	\$	30,070,664
Capital Assets		48,620,332		49,452,330		42,760,717		47,225,528		91,381,049		96,677,858
Total Assets		59,428,764		58,318,646		66,505,031		68,429,876		125,933,795		126,748,522
Deferred Outflow		5,334,525		5,895,142		4,439,180		1,319,986		9,773,705		7,215,128
Current Liabilities		4,183,108		3,923,592		2,305,428		2,581,890		6,488,536		6,505,482
Long-term Liabilities		42,337,580		44,634,383		24,842,525		26,568,305		67,180,105		71,202,688
Total Liabilities		46,520,688		48,557,975		27,147,953		29,150,195		73,668,641		77,708,170
Deferred Inflow		1,113,504		1,113,504		255,952		145,532		1,369,456		1,259,036
Net Investment in												
Capital Assets		27,277,629		27,332,884		27,089,493		24,493,779		54,367,122		51,826,663
Restricted		3,010,461		2,612,991		7,830,805		7,536,216		10,841,266		10,149,207
Unrestricted		(13,832,151)		(15,403,566)		8,620,008		8,424,140		(5,212,143)		(6,979,426)
Total Net Position	\$	16,455,939	\$	14,542,309	\$	43,540,306	\$	40,454,135	\$	59,996,245	\$	54,996,444

Net Position

The chart above reflects the City's combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) which totals \$60.0 million at the close of fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

94.2% of the City's total net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, streets, sewers, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining City net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions (e.g., capital projects, debt services and highway and streets) and resources that are unrestricted to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

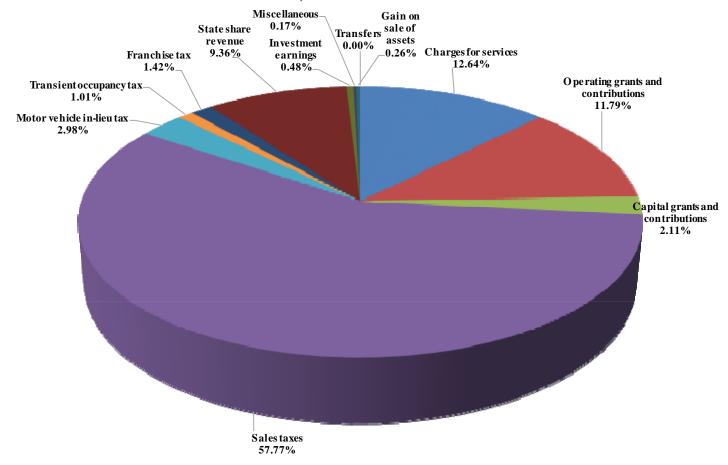
The City's net position was increased by \$5.0 million during the fiscal year, a 9% increase. This was due to a sales tax increase that was enacted by the Cottonwood City Council in November of 2019 that increased revenues and decreased the need to transfer between funds. This increase along with fiscally responsible spending allowed the City to increase its net position

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)
(Required Supplementary Information)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$2.0 million. The decrease in the net position for governmental activities is attributed to increase expenditures derived from the general government activities. The charts that follow show the program revenues, general revenues and expenses by function for all Governmental activities.

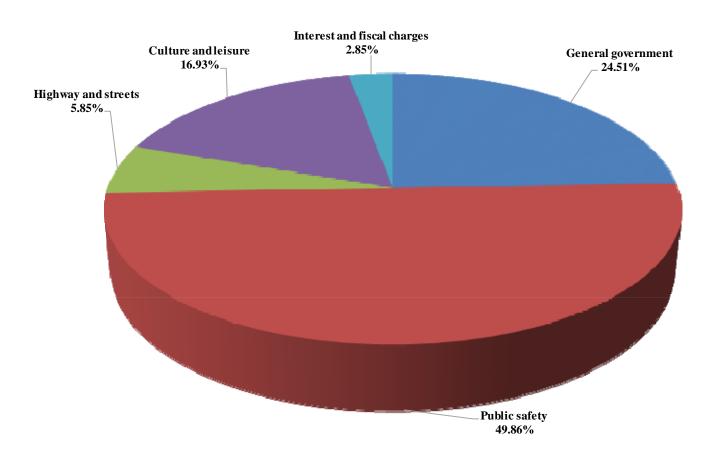
REVENUE SOURCES, - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) (Required Supplementary Information)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



City of Cottonwood Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) (Required Supplementary Information) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities			Business Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2019		2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 3,599,327	\$	4,024,303	\$ 10,821,119	\$ 10,632,507	\$ 14,420,446	\$ 14,656,810	
Operating grants and contributions	3,358,972		3,292,725	-	-	3,358,972	3,292,725	
Capital grants and contributions	601,461		2,494,456		-	601,461	2,494,456	
Total program revenues	 7,559,760		9,811,484	10,821,119	10,632,507	18,380,879	20,443,991	
General revenues:								
Sales taxes	16,453,665		14,275,812	-	-	16,453,665	14,275,812	
Motor vehicle in-lieu tax	848,579		781,103	-	-	848,579	781,103	
Transient occupancy tax	288,333		243,347	-	-	288,333	243,347	
Franchise tax	404,620		416,542	-	-	404,620	416,542	
Total taxes	17,995,197		15,716,804	-	-	17,995,197	15,716,804	
State share revenue	2,666,814		2,637,072	-	-	2,666,814	2,637,072	
Investment earnings	135,426		75,947	364,451	119,643	499,877	195,590	
Miscellaneous	48,496		278,646	78,225	60,644	126,721	339,290	
Gain on sale of assets	74,936		12,466	(27,685)	(95,441)	47,251	(82,975)	
Transfers	-		(8,715,709)	-	8,715,709	-	-	
Total general revenues and transfers	20,920,869		10,005,226	414,991	8,800,555	21,335,860	18,805,781	
Total revenues	28,480,629		19,816,710	11,236,110	19,433,062	39,716,739	39,249,772	
Expenses:								
General government	5,947,814		5,357,347	-	-	5,947,814	5,357,347	
Public safety	12,099,647		12,214,453	-	-	12,099,647	12,214,453	
Highway and streets	1,419,997		1,634,741	-	-	1,419,997	1,634,741	
Transportation	2,300,410		2,174,021	-	-	2,300,410	2,174,021	
Culture and leisure	4,107,450		4,144,697	-	-	4,107,450	4,144,697	
Interest and fiscal charges	691,681		614,906	-	-	691,681	614,906	
Water	-		-	5,273,405	5,409,263	5,273,405	5,409,263	
Wastewater	 -		-	2,876,534	2,386,840	2,876,534	2,386,840	
Total expenses	 26,566,999		26,140,165	8,149,939	7,796,103	34,716,938	33,936,268	
Change in net position	 1,913,630		(6,323,455)	3,086,171	11,636,959	4,999,801	5,313,504	
Net position, beginning of year	14,542,309		20,943,454	40,454,135	28,816,773	54,996,444	49,760,227	
Restatement due to GASB 75 implementation	 -		(77,690)		403	-	(77,287)	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	14,542,309		20,865,764	40,454,135	28,817,176	54,996,444	49,682,940	
Net position, end of year	\$ 16,455,939	\$	14,542,309	\$ 43,540,306	\$ 40,454,135	\$ 59,996,245	\$ 54,996,444	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) (Required Supplementary Information) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities

- Charges for services are primarily for recreation, planning, transportation, water and waste water fees.
- Operating and capital grants and contributions include grants from Federal and State grants to fund the Transit Program operations and to fund various projects including the Airport Apron reconstruction and the restoration of the Civic Center
- Sales tax includes mainly hotel, retail, and franchise fees and other special assessments.
- General government expenses include those expenses necessary for the operation of the general operation of the City. These include but are not limited to:
 - City Council
 - City Manager
 - City Clerk
 - Finance
 - Human Resources
- Public Works
- Public Safety expenses include both Police and Fire Protection Services, the Municipal Court and Legal Services
- Culture & Leisure expenses cover Parks and Recreation services including the operation of the Recreation Center, the Youth Center, the City pool and the Library.

Business Type Activities

The City operates two business-type activities. These are the City's Water and Wastewater System. These business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$3.0 million over the prior year compared to an increase of \$11.6 million from FY 2017-2018.

As in prior years the City's Water System and Waste Water systems were supported primarily by user fees.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Fund includes only the activity of the Employee Benefit Trust Fund (EBT). The EBT Fund accounts for the City's partially self-funded health and accident insurance program for certain City employees and their dependents. The EBT has been inactive since fiscal year 2002-03 after the City moved its required health insurance pool. All remaining funds will be used to supplement employee benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) (Required Supplementary Information) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

As previously noted, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Please note that unlike the Government-wide financial statements displayed previously, the fund financial statements that follow are not reflected on a full accrual basis.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the City as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7.8 million, an increase of \$1.9 million due to a sales tax increase and fiscally responsible spending that limited the transfers to other funds.

The General Fund comprises 61.1 percent of the total fund balance. Approximately \$3.8 million or 78.6 percent of the General Fund's fund balance is unassigned. The fund balance increased \$1.6 million due to the sales tax increase and Council direction to reserve the additional resources.

The HURF Fund comprises 27.0 percent of the total fund balance. The fund balance increased \$149,733 due to unfinished projects that will be finished in future years.

The Transit Fund comprises less than 1% of the total fund balance. The fund balance decreased \$418 no funds being transferred from the general fund.

The Grant Fund comprises less than 1 percent of the total fund balance, all of which is restricted. The fund balance increased \$9,483 to \$11,164.

The Debt Service Fund comprises 4.7 percent of the total fund balances. All of the fund balance is restricted for debt service. Revenues are allocated from other funds to cover applicable debt service requirements for the year.

The Capital Projects Fund comprises 7.1 percent of the total fund balance. All of the fund balance is assigned or restricted for capital projects. The fund balance decreased \$20,025 due to a transfer of resources to other funds for capital projects.

Proprietary Funds

Net position of the Enterprise Funds and the Internal Service Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$43.5 million and \$95,544, respectively. The increase in net position in the Enterprise Funds of \$3.1 million from the prior fiscal year was primarily due to the funds not being used for capital projects in the current year but that will be needed to finish capital projects in future years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)
(Required Supplementary Information)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City revised the General Fund annual expenditure budget primarily due to changes in the council contingency reserve and projects that were not completed. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was a \$239 thousand increase, or 1 percent.

A schedule showing the budget amounts compared to the City's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information. There were no significant variances.

Capital Assets

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City had invested \$87.7 million in governmental capital assets and \$68.6 million in business-type capital assets, including buildings, facilities, vehicles, computers, equipment, and infrastructure assets. These amounts represent an increase prior to depreciation of \$1.2 million for the governmental activities and a decrease prior to depreciation of \$4.2 business-type activities. The increase in the governmental activities was primarily due to various street improvements and other construction projects. The decrease in the business-type activities was primarily due to a reclassification of excess consideration provided for acquisition from capital assets. Total depreciation expense for the current fiscal year was \$3.0 million for governmental activities and \$1.9 million for business-type activities.

	Government	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Non-Depreciable Assets:			
Land	\$ 2,587,885	\$ 4,132,241	\$ 6,720,126
Construction in process	467,319	2,476,400	2,943,719
Total non-depreciable assets, net	3,055,204	6,608,641	9,663,845
Depreciable Assets:			
Infrastructure	29,682,148	45,836,615	75,518,763
Buildings and improvements	40,907,201	10,476,355	51,383,556
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	14,048,931	5,668,524	19,717,455
	84,638,280	61,981,494	146,619,774
Less accumulated depreciation	(39,073,152)	(25,829,418)	(64,902,570)
Total depreciable assets, net	45,565,128	36,152,076	81,717,204
Total capital assets	\$ 48,620,332	\$ 42,760,717	\$ 91,381,049

Debt Administration

At year-end, the City had \$21.3 million in governmental long-term debt outstanding with \$1.8 million due within one year. The City had \$24.2 million in business-type long-term debt outstanding, with \$1.5 million due within one year. Long-term debt decreased by \$776 thousand for governmental and decreased by \$1.9 million for business-type activities.

City of Cottonwood

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) (Required Supplementary Information) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

State statutes currently limit the amount of general obligation debt a city may issue to 20 percent of its total assessed valuation for water, sewer, lights, open space preserves parks, playgrounds and recreational facilities. The current 20 percent debt limitation for the City is \$25.6 million. State statutes also currently limit the amount of general obligation debt a City may issue to six percent of its total assessed valuation for all other purposes. The current six percent debt limitation for the City is \$7.7 million. The City's outstanding bonds are not considered general obligation bonds subject to statutory limits because the bonds are secured by sales taxes.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Notes 8 through 11 in the notes to the financial statements.

	Balance			Balance	Due within	Due in more	
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019	one year	than one year	
Governmental Activities							
Capital leases	\$ 1,140,441	\$ 1,285,928	\$ (581,817)	\$ 1,844,552	\$ 461,480	\$ 1,383,072	
2015 Pledged revenue bonds	8,298,110	-	(362,264)	7,935,846	339,340	7,596,506	
2016 Pledged revenue bonds	12,680,895		(1,118,590)	11,562,305	1,010,000	10,552,305	
Total Government Activities	22,119,446	1,285,928	(2,062,671)	21,342,703	1,810,820	19,531,883	
Business-Type Activities							
Capital leases	413,270	-	(413,270)	-	-	-	
2015 WIFA refunding loan	8,967,942	-	(636,802)	8,331,140	650,812	7,680,328	
2016 WIFA refunding loan	13,375,790	-	(695,869)	12,679,921	707,727	11,972,194	
2015 Pledged revenue bonds	3,340,090	-	(146,160)	3,193,930	135,661	3,058,269	
	26,097,092		(1,892,101)	24,204,991	1,494,200	22,710,791	
Total	\$ 48,216,538	\$ 1,285,928	\$ (3,954,772)	\$ 45,547,694	\$ 3,305,020	\$ 42,242,674	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Many factors were considered by the City's officials during the process of developing the fiscal year 2019-20 budget. Among them:

- Fiscal year 2018-19 general fund budget balance carry forward (estimated \$4.4 million).
- Employee salaries and benefits (estimated \$20.4 million).
- Sales taxes increase of 0.5% was approved and effective November 2018 and a full year of the increase will be reflected.

Also considered in the development of the budget is the local economy and inflation of the surrounding area.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Cottonwood's finances for all those with an interest in the government finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Financial Services Director, 827 N. Main St., Cottonwood, Arizona 86326.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

City of Cottonwood Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		Primary Governmen	nt
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 6,339,460	\$ 10,854,960	\$ 17,194,420
Receivables:			
Accounts	178,342	631,264	809,606
Taxes	1,340,713	-	1,340,713
Intergovernmental	550,382	-	550,382
Inventories	43,853	-	43,853
Prepaid items	18,225		18,225
Total current assets	8,470,975	11,486,224	19,957,199
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and investment	2,272,009	12,252,785	14,524,794
Net OPEB asset	65,448	5,305	70,753
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	3,055,204	6,608,641	9,663,845
Depreciable, net	45,565,128	36,152,076	81,717,204
Total capital assets, net	48,620,332	42,760,717	91,381,049
Total noncurrent assets	50,957,789	55,018,807	105,976,596
Total assets	59,428,764	66,505,031	125,933,795
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Excess consideration provided for acquisitions (Note 6)	-	4,111,787	4,111,787
Deferred loss on refunding	282,534	-	282,534
OPEB-related deferred outflows	120,249	21,278	141,527
Pension-related deferred outflows	4,931,742	306,115	5,237,857
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,334,525	4,439,180	9,773,705

City of Cottonwood Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2019

	1	Primary Governmer	nt
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	773,688	190,103	963,791
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	292,252	41,797	334,049
Interest payable	343,494	263,382	606,876
Deposits payable	43,651	250,420	294,071
Compensated absences - due within one year	919,203	65,526	984,729
Long-term debt - due within one year	1,810,820	1,494,200	3,305,020
Total current liabilities	4,183,108	2,305,428	6,488,536
Long-term liabilities:			
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	438,748	96,503	535,251
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	19,531,883	22,710,791	42,242,674
Aggregate net OPEB liability - due in more than one year	117,745	7,612	125,357
Aggregate net pension liability - due in more than one year	22,249,204	2,027,619	24,276,823
Total long-term liabilities	42,337,580	24,842,525	67,180,105
Total liabilities	46,520,688	27,147,953	73,668,641
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB-related deferred inflows	129,920	16,239	146,159
Pension-related deferred inflows	1,656,742	239,713	1,896,455
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,786,662	255,952	2,042,614
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	27,277,629	27,089,493	54,367,122
Restricted for:			
Debt service	348,012	7,830,805	8,178,817
Capital projects	557,989	-	557,989
Grants	11,164	-	11,164
Highways and streets	2,093,296		2,093,296
Total restricted	3,010,461	7,830,805	10,841,266
Unrestricted (deficit)	(13,832,151)	8,620,008	(5,212,143)
Total net position	\$ 16,455,939	\$ 43,540,306	\$ 59,996,245

City of Cottonwood Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Program Revenues							
		1 5				Capital					
			C	harges for	(Grants and	Gı	ants and			
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	Con	tributions		Total	
Primary government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	5,947,814	\$	1,469,608	\$	733,273	\$	21,826	\$	2,224,707	
Public safety		12,099,647		888,666		590,525		1,913		1,481,104	
Highways and streets		1,419,997		-		1,054,486		101,258		1,155,744	
Transportation		2,300,410		211,490		951,163		235,363		1,398,016	
Culture and leisure		4,107,450		1,029,563		29,525		241,101		1,300,189	
Interest and fiscal agent fees, net of amortization		691,681		-		-					
Total governmental activities		26,566,999		3,599,327		3,358,972		601,461		7,559,760	
Business-Type activities:											
Water		5,273,405		7,744,901		-		-		7,744,901	
Wastewater		2,876,534		3,076,218		-		-		3,076,218	
Total business-type activities		8,149,939		10,821,119						10,821,119	
Total primary government	\$	34,716,938	\$	14,420,446	\$	3,358,972	\$	601,461	\$	18,380,879	

City of Cottonwood Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total				
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ (3,723,107)	\$ -	\$ (3,723,107)				
Public safety	(10,618,543)	-	(10,618,543)				
Highways and streets	(264,253)	-	(264,253)				
Transportation	(902,394)	-	(902,394)				
Culture and leisure	(2,807,261)	-	(2,807,261)				
Interest and fiscal agent fees, net of amortization	(691,681)		(691,681)				
Total governmental activities	(19,007,239)		(19,007,239)				
Business-Type activities:							
Water	-	2,471,496	2,471,496				
Wastewater	<u> </u>	199,684	199,684				
Total business-type activities		2,671,180	2,671,180				
Total primary government	(19,007,239)	2,671,180	(16,336,059)				
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Sales tax	16,453,665	-	16,453,665				
Motor vehicle in-lieu taxes	848,579	-	848,579				
Franchise tax	404,620	-	404,620				
Transient occupancy tax	288,333		288,333				
Total taxes	17,995,197		17,995,197				
State share revenue	2,666,814	-	2,666,814				
Investment earnings	135,426	364,451	499,877				
Miscellaneous	48,496	78,225	126,721				
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	74,936	(27,685)	47,251				
Total general revenues and transfers	20,920,869	414,991	21,335,860				
Change in net position	1,913,630	3,086,171	4,999,801				
Net position - beginning of year	14,542,309	40,454,135	54,996,444				
Net position - end of year	\$ 16,455,939	\$ 43,540,306	\$ 59,996,245				

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Funds of the City are outlined below:

The General Fund - This fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures used to finance the traditional services associated with a municipal government which are not accounted for in the other funds. In Cottonwood, these services include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation.

City Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of the debt.

City of Cottonwood Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major Funds							
A GODEPG			City Debt ervice Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Ge	Total overnmental Funds	
ASSETS				210011				
Cash and cash investments	\$	4,027,828	\$	210,911	\$	2,005,177	\$	6,243,916
Restricted cash and cash investments		-		1,396,437		875,572		2,272,009
Receivables:		05.759				92.594		179 242
Accounts Taxes		95,758 1,153,525		137,101		82,584 50,087		178,342 1,340,713
Intergovernmental		1,155,525		137,101		379,872		550,382
Due from other funds		288,995		-		319,612		288,995
Inventories		21,568		_		22,285		43,853
Prepaid items		21,500		18,225		-		18,225
Total assets	\$	5,758,184	\$	1,762,674	\$	3,415,577	\$	10,936,435
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	654,992	\$	-	\$	118,696	\$	773,688
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		265,079		-		27,173		292,252
Due to other funds		-		-		288,995		288,995
Deposits payable		43,651		-		-		43,651
Interest payable - current portion		-		248,782		94,712		343,494
Principal payable - current portion		-		1,147,655		201,685		1,349,340
Total liabilities		963,722		1,396,437		731,261		3,091,420
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		21,568		18,225		22,285		62,078
Restricted		-		348,012		2,662,449		3,010,461
Assigned		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Unassigned		3,772,894		-		(418)		3,772,476
Total fund balances		4,794,462		366,237		2,684,316		7,845,015
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,758,184	\$	1,762,674	\$	3,415,577	\$	10,936,435

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

City of Cottonwood Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	7,845,015
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in governmental funds.		48,620,332
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period and therefore were not reported in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences - due within one year		(919,203)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		(438,748)
Long-term debt - due within one year		(1,810,820)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		(19,531,883)
less amount reported in governmental fund financial statements for current portion		1,349,340
		(21,351,314)
Aggregate net OPEB asset in the governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in governmental funds.		65,448
Deferred loss on refunding in the governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in governmental funds.		282,534
Actuarially determined deferred outflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statements: OPEB-related deferred outflows Pension-related deferred outflows		120,249 4,931,742
		5,051,991
Aggregate net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not required to be reported in the governmental funds.		(117,745)
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not required to be reported in the governmental funds.		(22,249,204)
Actuarially determined deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statements:		
OPEB-related deferred outflows		(129,920)
Pension-related deferred outflows		(1,656,742)
		(1,786,662)
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds were reported with governmental activities.		95,544
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	16,455,939
THE I OSHOR OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Ψ	10,433,737

City of Cottonwood Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Funds							
		General City Debt Fund Service Fund				Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES:		44.040.554		4 442 =00				.=
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	14,369,751	\$	1,643,708	\$	1,133,159	\$	17,146,618
Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits		4,107,684 568,297		-		2,410,546		6,518,230 568,297
Fines and Forfeitures		213,450		_		_		213,450
Rents and royalties		159,879		_		_		159,879
Investment Income		83,736		1,190		49,193		134,119
Charges for Services		2,121,852		-		211,490		2,333,342
Contributions		30,935		-		-		30,935
Miscellaneous		1,300,823		_		_		1,300,823
		22,956,407		1,644,898		3,804,388		28,405,693
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		6,139,003		-		-		6,139,003
Public safety		11,071,615		-		-		11,071,615
Highways and streets		-		-		908,747		908,747
Transportation Culture and leisure		3,302,674		-		1,789,161 422		1,789,161 3,303,096
Capital outlay		1,678,767		-		521,615		2,200,382
Debt service:		1,070,707		_		321,013		2,200,382
Principal		374,313		948,984		221,313		1,544,610
Interest and fiscal charges, net of amortization of		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				-		,- ,
deferred loss on refunding		122,338		488,987		217,621		828,946
Total expenditures		22,688,710		1,437,971		3,658,879		27,785,560
REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		267,697		206,927		145,509		620,133
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Obligations incurred on capital leases		1,285,928		-		-		1,285,928
Sales of property		82,369		-		-		82,369
Transfers in		-		-		25,512		25,512
Transfers out		(25,512)						(25,512)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,342,785				25,512		1,368,297
Net changes in fund balances		1,610,482		206,927		171,021		1,988,430
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year	<u></u> _	3,183,980		159,310		2,513,295		5,856,585
End of year	\$	4,794,462	\$	366,237	\$	2,684,316	\$	7,845,015

City of Cottonwood Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,988,430
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. Capital outlay expenditures were included in the Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances through out various departments. However, in the Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period. (amount includes \$8,168 maintenance)	ne Government- as depreciation	2,192,214
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as a governmental funds.		(3,016,779)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations disposals) decreased Net Position.	s, transfers, and	(7,433)
The issuance of long-term liabilities provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-of Net Position.	n liabilities was	
Issuance of long-term debt		(1,285,928)
Accrual of long-term liabilities payable on July 1, 2019 was an expenditure in governmental funds, but he Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	nad no effect in	1,349,340
Repayment of long-term liabilities due on January 1, 2019 was an expenditure in governmental funds, but reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Debt Retirements on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets Less: Accrual of long-term liabilities payable on July 1, 2018		1,894,013 (1,516,949)
	Total	377,064
Amortization expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in N they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, amortization expenses were respenditures in the Governmental Funds.		
Bond premium and discount Deferred amounts on refunding		168,658 (31,393)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving pension plans (i.e. changes in the net pendeferred inflow/outflow amortization, contributions after measurement date) does not require the use of contributions and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(267,577)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving OPEB plans (i.e. changes in the net OPEB deferred inflow/outflow amortization, contributions after measurement date) does not require the use of c resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		6,628
Certain long-term assets and liabilities were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, b require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, long-term assets and liabilities were not reported in governmental funds. These amounts represented the changes in long-term liabilities from prior year. Changes in compensated absences		438,229
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual expense of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities.	funds. The net	2,177
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,913,630
	===	

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residential, commercial, and industrial segments of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Wastewater Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of wastewater collection and treatment services to the residential, commercial, and industrial segments of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

City of Cottonwood Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities -	
		Water	7	Wastewater				nal Service
AGGPPRG		Fund		Fund		Total		Funds
ASSETS								
Current assets: Cash and cash investments Receivables:	\$	8,822,432	\$	2,032,528	\$	10,854,960	\$	95,544
Accounts		454,440		176,824		631,264		_
Total current assets		9,276,872		2,209,352		11,486,224		95,544
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Net OPEB Asset		10,508,436 3,560		1,744,349 1,745		12,252,785 5,305		-
Capital assets: Non-depreciable		3,109,130		3,499,511		6,608,641		
Depreciable, net		11,179,164		24,972,912		36,152,076		-
Total capital assets		14,288,294		28,472,423		42,760,717		-
Total noncurrent assets		24,800,290		30,218,517		55,018,807		-
Total assets		34,077,162		32,427,869		66,505,031		95,544
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Excess consideration provided for acquisitions		4,111,787		_		4,111,787		_
OPEB-related deferred outflows		14,280		6,998		21,278		-
Pension-related deferred outflows		205,412		100,703		306,115		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		4,331,479		107,701		4,439,180		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:		00.045		02.050		100 102		
Accounts payable		98,045 28,566		92,058		190,103 41,797		-
Accrued payroll and related liabilities Interest payable		28,300		13,231 45,482		263,382		_
Deposits payable		250,420		-3,402		250,420		_
Compensated absences - due within one year		54,066		11,460		65,526		-
Long-term debt - due within one year		1,397,347		96,853		1,494,200		
Total current liabilities		2,046,344		259,084		2,305,428		
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		84,366		12,137		96,503		-
Long term debt - due in more than one year		20,527,384		2,183,407		22,710,791		-
Aggregate net OPEB liability		5,108		2,504		7,612		
Aggregate net pension liability		1,360,593		667,026		2,027,619		
Total noncurrent liabilities		21,977,451		2,865,074		24,842,525		
Total liabilities		24,023,795		3,124,158		27,147,953		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
OPEB-related deferred outflows		10,896		5,343		16,239		-
Pension-related deferred inflows		160,855		78,858		239,713		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		171,751		84,201		255,952		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		897,330		26,192,163		27,089,493		-
Restricted		6,086,456		1,744,349		7,830,805		-
Unrestricted		7,229,309		1,390,699		8,620,008		95,544
Total net position	\$	14,213,095	\$	29,327,211	\$	43,540,306	\$	95,544

City of Cottonwood Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							rnmental ivities -
	Water Fund			Wastewater Fund		Total	Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	7,744,901	\$	3,076,218	\$	10,821,119	\$	_
Total operating revenues		7,744,901		3,076,218		10,821,119		
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and benefits		1,503,308		679,396		2,182,704		-
Materials, supplies and operational expenses		2,165,345		1,298,043		3,463,388		-
Depreciation		1,032,572		824,811		1,857,383		-
Amortization		158,132		_		158,132		-
Total operating expenses		4,859,357		2,802,250		7,661,607		_
OPERATING INCOME		2,885,544		273,968		3,159,512		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Miscellaneous		59,415		18,810		78,225		_
Investment income		316,628		47,823		364,451		2,177
Interest expense		(414,048)		(74,284)		(488,332)		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of property		(8,044)		(19,641)		(27,685)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(46,049)		(27,292)		(73,341)		2,177
Changes in net position		2,839,495		246,676		3,086,171		2,177
NET POSITION:								
Beginning of year		11,373,600		29,080,535		40,454,135		93,367
End of year	\$	14,213,095	\$	29,327,211	\$	43,540,306	\$	95,544

City of Cottonwood Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities -		
		Water Fund	V	Wastewater Fund		Total	In	ternal Service Funds		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Cash received from customers and users	\$	8,053,966	\$	2,954,067	\$	11,008,033	\$	-		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(2,128,846)		(1,246,286)		(3,375,132)		-		
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,523,767)		(723,275)		(2,247,042)				
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,401,353		984,506		5,385,859				
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Miscellaneous		59,415		18,810		78,225		-		
Net cash provided by										
noncapital financing activities		59,415		18,810		78,225				
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Acquisition of capital assets		(617,526)		(110,059)		(727,585)		-		
Sale of capital assets		1,661		3,007		4,668		-		
Principal paid on capital-related debt		(1,783,932)		(94,813)		(1,878,745)		-		
Interest paid on capital-related debt		(415,929)		(79,315)		(495,244)				
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(2,815,726)		(281,180)		(3,096,906)		<u>-</u>		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment income		316,628		47,823		364,451		2,177		
Net cash provided by investing activities		316,628		47,823		364,451		2,177		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,961,670		769,959		2,731,629		2,177		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:										
Beginning of year		17,369,198		3,006,918		20,376,116		93,367		
End of year	\$	19,330,868	\$	3,776,877	\$	23,107,745	\$	95,544		
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:										
Cash and cash investments	\$	8,822,432	\$	2,032,528	\$	10,854,960	\$	95,544		
Restricted cash and investments		10,508,436		1,744,349		12,252,785				
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,330,868	\$	3,776,877	\$	23,107,745	\$	95,544		

City of Cottonwood Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							vernmental ctivities -	
		Water Fund	Wastewater Fund		Total		Internal Service Funds		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Operating income	\$	2,885,544	\$	273,968	\$	3,159,512	\$	-	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation		1,032,572		824,811		1,857,383		-	
Amortization		158,132		-		158,132		-	
Changes in current assets, deferred outflows of resources,									
liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:									
Accounts receivable		311,119		(122,151)		188,968		-	
Aggregate net OPEB asset		(8,833)		(4,472)		(13,305)		-	
OPEB-related deferred outflows		(8,556)		(4,037)		(12,593)		-	
Pension-related deferred outflows		21,345		16,583		37,928		-	
Accounts payable		36,499		51,757		88,256		-	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		6,542		3,123		9,665		-	
Deposits payable		(2,054)		-		(2,054)		-	
Compensated absences		24,702		15,202		39,904		-	
Aggregate net OPEB liability		1,623		702		2,325		-	
Aggregate net pension liability		(133,114)		(105,568)		(238,682)		-	
OPEB-related deferred outflows		4,431		1,999		6,430		-	
Pension-related deferred inflows		71,401		32,589		103,990			
Total adjustments		1,515,809		710,538		2,226,347			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	4,401,353	\$	984,506	\$	5,385,859	\$	_	

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Firemen Pension Trust Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the Firefighters' Relief and Pension Trust Fund, which accumulates funds for the defined contribution pension plan administered by the City and a Board of Trustees for the City's volunteer firefighters.

City of Cottonwood Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

]	Firemen Pension Trust Fund	
ASSETS			
Restricted cash and investments	\$	203,888	
Total assets	\$	203,888	
LIABILITIES			
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS			
Held in trust	\$	203,888	
Total net position	\$	203,888	

City of Cottonwood Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Firemen Pension Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Investment income	\$ 11,052
Total additions	11,052
DEDUCTIONS:	
Retirement benefits	2,400
Miscellaneous expense	3,681
Total deductions	6,081
Change in fiduciary net position	4,971
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS:	
Beginning of year	198,917
End of year	\$ 203,888

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

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City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Cottonwood, Arizona (the "City"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on November 14, 1960. The City operates under a Mayor-Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, transportation, social services, culture-leisure, public improvements, community development (planning, building and zoning), public utilities (water and wastewater), and general administrative services.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The primary criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity are the governing body's financial accountability and a financial benefit or burden relationship and whether it is misleading to exclude its financial statements. A primary government is financially accountable and shares a financial benefit or burden relationship if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Blended Component Units

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, the City, and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the primary government is accountable and their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance part of the government's operation and so financial statements from these units are combined with financial statements of the primary government. Discretely presents component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

Although the following are legally separate from the City, they have been "blended" as though they are part of the City because the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit; management of the City has operational responsibilities for the component units; and/or the component units provide services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City, even though it does not provide services directly to it.

Cottonwood Municipal Property Corporation (the "Corporation") – The Corporation's board of directors consists of three members, which are appointed by the Cottonwood City Council. The Corporation is a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona and was formed for the sole purpose of assisting the City in obtaining financing for various projects of the City. It has a June 30 year-end and is reported within the Water Fund. No separate financial statements are issued for Corporation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City, and its component units, accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying statement of net position. The statement of activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- > Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. (In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated.) However, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- ➤ Due to/from other funds
- > Transfers in/out

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences between fund balance in these statement and net position as presented in the government-wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that meet the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances present increases (revenue and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balances. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both "measurable" and "available" to finance expenditures of the current period.

The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, franchise taxes, state shared revenues, licenses and permits, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, and investment income. Miscellaneous revenue is not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until cash is received. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period as soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, such as when grant revenue is received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor.

Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles the City applies the "early recognition" option for debt service payments when there are sufficient resources to offset the liability. Pledged sales tax is recognized during the current year for the payment of debt service principal and interest due early in the following year (less than one month). Therefore, the expenditures and related liability are recognized in the current period.

Major governmental funds of the City are outlined below:

General Fund – This fund accounts for all revenues from and expenditures for services associated with the operations of a municipal government which are not accounted for in the other funds. These services include general government, public safety, highways and streets, transportation, and culture and recreation.

City Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of the debt.

Non-major governmental funds of the City are outlined below:

Grants Special Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's restricted resources from federal, state, and other grants.

HURF Special Revenue Fund – This fund accounts for the City's share of state taxes on gasoline, diesel fuels and other transportation related fees to be used solely for street and highway purposes. Eligible expenditures include the cost of personnel, right-of-way acquisitions, construction, reconstruction, maintenance, repair, roadside development of city roads, streets and bridges and the payment of the principal and interest on highway and street bonds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Transit Special Revenue Fund – This fund accounts for the operation of the City's public transportation system.

City Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition, construction and improvement of the city's major capital facilities.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds in the aggregate. The City reports the following major proprietary fund types:

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the City's water utility.

Wastewater Fund – This fund accounts for the City's wastewater operations.

A separate column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. The City's internal service fund accounts for the activity of the Employee Benefit Trust Fund (EBT). The EBT is the City's partially self-funded health and accident insurance program for certain City employees and their dependents. The EBT has been closed since fiscal year 2002-03 after the City moved to the Arizona Public Employers Health Pool. Remaining funds are used to supplement employee benefits by providing City-wide health programming to encourage increased health awareness and healthy living. By providing additional health benefits the City hopes to also help decrease medical claims and therefore medical insurance costs. For the government-wide financial statements, the internal service fund balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with ongoing operations. The principal activities are charges to customers for water and wastewater services and expenditures for maintenance, operations, administration, depreciation. Revenues not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fireman Pension Trust Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the Firefighters' Relief and Pension Trust Fund, which accumulates funds for the defined contribution pension plan administered by the City and a Board of Trustees for the City's volunteer firefighters.

City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City considers all highly liquid market investments (including restricted investments) with maturities of three months or less at time of purchase to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash in bank, cash held by fiscal agents, and cash and investment held in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. Money market investments are carried at cost. Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Cash and investments are pooled, except for investments that are restricted under provisions of bond indentures or other restrictions that are required to be reported in the individual funds. All expenditures of the City are made out of the General Fund operations account (except for EBT) with a corresponding interfund receivable recorded in the general fund with an interfund payable recorded in the applicable borrowing fund. At the end of the month, the interfund receivable and payables are liquidated when cash is transferred. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

State statues authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit in eligible depositories, repurchase agreements, obligations of the State of Arizona or any of its counties or incorporated cities or duly organized school districts, improvement districts in this state, and the State Treasurer's LGIP.

The City participates in an investment pool, *State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool* (LGIP), managed by the State of Arizona. The LGIP has invested a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LGIP's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of Arizona collateralizing these investments. In addition, these structured notes and asset-backed securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

Arizona statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (the "Administrator") in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

The Arizona Government Code requires Arizona banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. Arizona law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits; however, the City has not waived the collateralization requirements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain cash and investments held by a fiscal agent from bond proceeds of City issued bond and loans, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted cash and investments because their use is limited by applicable bond indentures or loan covenants. In addition, deposits received from customers for utility services are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited to the repayment to those customers.

E. Fair Value Measurement

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, this statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the Statements of Net Position, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

F. Excess Consideration Provided for Acquisitions

Excess consideration were amounts paid by the City over the net position of the acquired entity and is recorded as a Deferred Outflow on the Statement of Net Position of the City. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 40 years.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for the business-type and proprietary funds as part of the asset cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for capital assets at \$5,000. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Estimated Useful
Asset Category	Life (Years)
Buildings and improvements	15-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	8-40 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Machinery and equipment	5-25 years
Vehicles	5-8 years
Water distribution system	5-30 years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Capital Assets (Continued)

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, sewer, and park lands. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping and land. The carrying amount of the subsystems are not required to be separately classified and reported in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the Basic Approach for infrastructure reporting. Infrastructure assets acquired prior to 1980 are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure assets acquired after that date are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

H. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed in the period when incurred.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements do not present long-term debt but rather show it in the reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet to the government-wide statement of net position.

When refunding bonds are issued, the difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the lives of the refunding debt or remaining life of the refunded debt. Unamortized portions of the loss on refunding debt are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

I. Compensated Absences

Government-Wide Financial Statements

City employees have vested interest in varying levels of vacation and sick leave based on both their length of employment and their bargaining unit. Vacation leave is payable to employees at the time a vacation is taken or upon termination of employment with the City. The amount of compensated absences is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

In governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the years paid, as it is the City's policy to liquidate any unpaid compensated absences at June 30 from future resources, rather than currently available financial resources. When an employee is terminated at fiscal year end, the amount of his or her reimbursable unused vacation and/or sick leave is recorded as a liability in the governmental funds. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

J. Pensions Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 10). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

The following timeframes are used for pension/OPEB reporting:

ASRS	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Period	July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018
PSPRS	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Period	July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension/OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB and are to be recognized in future pension/OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Net Position

For government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by the deferred outflows related to excess consideration provided for acquisition, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and unspent bond proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

L. Fund Balances

For governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventories and long term receivables, or items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan funds

<u>Restricted</u> – Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations imposed by the formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority normally through resolutions, etc., and that remain binding unless rescinded or modified in the same manner. The City Council is considered the highest authority for the City.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. In fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, the City Council adopted the Fund Balance Policy XVII in the Financial Operations Guide adopting the fund balance policy authorizing the Administrative Services General Manager to make the assignments.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This amount is for any portion of the fund balances that do not fall into one of the above categories. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a deficit unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a deficit unassigned fund balance amount. However, in a governmental fund other than the general fund, expenditures incurred for a specific purpose might exceed the amounts in the fund that are restricted, committed, and assigned to that purpose and a negative residual balance for that purpose may result. If that occurs, amounts assigned to other purposes in that fund should are reduced to eliminate the deficit. If the remaining deficit eliminates all other assigned amounts in the fund, or if there are no amounts assigned to other purposes, the negative residual amount is classified as unassigned fund balance.

City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Fund Balances (Continued)

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balances first, then unrestricted fund balances as they are needed. When expenditures are incurred for purposes where only unrestricted fund balances are available, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The City has established a minimum fund balance policy for each governmental fund type which contains operating expenses. The minimum unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is not less than 16.66 percent and not more than 25 percent of the total revised budgeted operating expenditures. The minimum assigned fund balance for general capital purposes in the General Fund is not less than 2.67 percent of the total revised budgeted operating revenues and not more than \$1,000,000. The minimum assigned fund balance for public safety capital purposes in the General Fund is not less than \$100,000. The minimum assigned and unassigned fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund must be sufficient to fund all outstanding obligations.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosure. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. New Governmental Accounting Standards Implemented for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The requirements of the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable to the City, for the year ended June 30, 2019. The financial statements included herein apply the requirements and provisions of these statements, including necessary retroactive adjustments to financial statement classifications and presentations.

GASB Statement No. 83

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations (ARO). This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. This pronouncement did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. New Governmental Accounting Standards Implemented for the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 88

In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The statement also defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. In addition the statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. This pronouncement did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the City.

O. Upcoming Governmental Accounting Standards Implementation

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 84

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 87

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 89

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Upcoming Governmental Accounting Standards Implementation (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 89 (Continued)

This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 90

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests—An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.* This Statement improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the SEJPA's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of cash and investments and restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2019:

	Primary Government									
	Governmental		Business-type			Fiduciary				
	A	Activities Activities			Total		Funds		Total	
Cash and investments	\$	6,339,460	\$	10,854,960	\$	17,194,420	\$	-	\$	17,194,420
Restricted cash and investments		2,272,009		12,252,785		14,524,794		203,888		14,728,682
Total	\$	8,611,469	\$	23,107,745	\$	31,719,214	\$	203,888	\$	31,923,102

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments, excluding investments with fiscal agents, consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Petty cash	\$ 2,992
Demand deposits	8,299,556
Restricted demand deposits	1,576,485
Money market	1,866
Investments:	
Local Government Investment Pool	7,364,969
Mutual funds	222,669
U.S. Treasuries and Agencies	14,454,565
Total	\$ 31,923,102

At June 30, 2019, cash and investments, are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. The following table represents the fair value measurements of investments recognized in the accompanying Statement of Net Position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2019:

Investments by Fair Value Level Investment Type		Total Fair Value	Measurement Inputs	Valuation Technique
Investments: U.S. Treasuries and Agencies Mutual Funds	\$	14,454,565 222,669	Level 2 Uncategorized	Matrix pricing model N/A
Total investments by fair value level	\$	14,677,234	Officategorized	IVA
External Investment Pools measured at Fair Va	lue			
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	7,364,969	Uncategorized	
Total investment pools measured at fair value		7,364,969		
Total investments	\$	22,042,203		

A. Cash Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's demand deposits were \$8,299,556 at June 30, 2019. Bank balances were \$8,046,129 at that date. As of June 30, 2019, \$6,497,118 of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of the Federal insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

B. Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Arizona Government Code (A.S.R.), the following investments are authorized:

- Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies
- Interest-bearing savings accounts and certificates of deposit
- State Treasurer's Loan Government Investment Pools
- County Treasurer's investment pool
- Collateralized repurchase agreements
- Certain obligations of U.S. corporations
- Certain other securities

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

No current adjustments have been made to the accompanying basic financial statements because the City's investments were primarily in the State of Arizona Loan Government Investment Pool (Pool 7) and the fair value adjustment was immaterial. The fair value of the City's position in LGIP approximates the value of the pool shares.

C. External Investment Pool

Investments in the State Treasurer's LGIP (Pool 7), a state managed external investment pool, are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by number of shares the City held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools.

D. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity, the greater the sensitivity its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy provides that final maturities of securities cannot exceed five years. Specific maturities of investments depend on liquidity needs. At June 30, 2019, the City's investments had the following maturities:

			Maturities (in Years)				
	Amount		1 year or less		1 - 5 years		
Investments:							
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	7,364,969	\$	7,364,969	\$	-	
Mutual funds		222,669		222,669		-	
U.S. Treasuries and Agencies		14,454,565		6,251,271		8,203,294	
Total	\$	22,042,203	\$	13,838,909	\$	8,203,294	

Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk of loss due to failure of the security issuer. The risk can be identified thru the rating assigned by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization to the issuers of securities. The City minimizes this risk by investing only in the type of investments allowed for municipalities by the Government Code as listed on the City's investment policy and in instruments that are most credit worthy.

	Credit Qu	iality Ratings
_		Standard &
Amount	Moody's	Poor's
\$ 7,364,969	Unrated	Not applicable
222,669	Not Rated	Not Rated
14,454,565	Aaa	AA+
\$ 22,042,203		
\$	\$ 7,364,969 222,669 14,454,565	Amount Moody's \$ 7,364,969 Unrated 222,669 Not Rated 14,454,565 Aaa

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosures (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. None of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the City diversifies its investment portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, specific issuer, or specific class of securities. Total investments in two categories may not exceed 25 percent of the investment portfolio: (1) fully insured or collateralized certificates of deposit (2) State, county, school district, and other district municipal bonds with an A rating or better. More than five percent of the City's investments are held in U.S. Treasuries and Agencies. These investments are 46 percent of the City's total investments.

Note 3 – Receivables

Receivable balances, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements with the exception of intergovernmental receivables. Intergovernmental receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, as of year-end for the City's individual governmental funds were as follows:

	(General	HURF	,	Fransit	City	⁷ Capital	
		Fund	Fund		Fund	Proje	ects Fund	Total
Due from federal government	\$	64,500	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 64,500
Due from state government		80,048	96,804		279,292		3,776	459,920
Due from county government		25,962	 -		-		-	25,962
Total	\$	170,510	\$ 96,804	\$	279,292	\$	3,776	\$ 550,382

Note 4 – Interfund Balances and Transactions

A. Due to and from other funds

Due from and to other funds as of June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Transit Fund	<u> </u>	288,995	Overdrawn Cash

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and to assist funds with negative cash balances at the end of the fiscal year. They are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

B. Transfers

At June 30, 2019, the City had the following transfers:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Α	<u> mount</u>	Purpose
Grants Fund	General Fund	\$	420	Grant matching funds
Transit Fund	General Fund		25,092	Grant matching funds
	Total	\$	25,512	

City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 5 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance			Transfers/	Balance		
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Reclassifications	June 30, 2019		
Nondepreciable assets:							
Land	\$ 2,587,885	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,587,885		
Construction in progress	4,780,562	516,383		(4,829,626)	467,319		
Total nondepreciable assets	7,368,447	516,383		(4,829,626)	3,055,204		
Depreciable assets							
Infrastructure	24,852,522	-	-	4,829,626	29,682,148		
Building and improvements	40,889,318	17,883	-	-	40,907,201		
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	13,366,089	1,657,948	(975,106)		14,048,931		
Subtotal	79,107,929	1,675,831	(975,106)	4,829,626	84,638,280		
Less accumulated depreciation							
Infrastructure	(13,588,929)	(834,213)	-	-	(14,423,142)		
Building and improvements	(12,873,348)	(1,067,669)	-	-	(13,941,017)		
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	(10,561,769)	(1,114,897)	967,673		(10,708,993)		
Subtotal	(37,024,046)	(3,016,779)	967,673		(39,073,152)		
Total depreciable assets, net	42,083,883	(1,340,948)	(7,433)	4,829,626	45,565,128		
Total	\$ 49,452,330	\$ (824,565)	\$ (7,433)	\$ -	\$ 48,620,332		

Governmental activities depreciation expenses for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

General government	\$ 545,354
Public safety	504,666
Highways and streets	574,451
Transportation	574,450
Culture and recreation	817,858
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,016,779

City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 5 – Capital Assets (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Transfers /Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2019
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 4,132,241	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,132,241
Construction in progress	2,265,565	326,226		(115,391)	2,476,400
Total nondepreciable assets	6,397,806	326,226	_	(115,391)	6,608,641
Depreciable assets					
Water distribution system	22,108,875	100,883	(13,834)	(4,735,631)	17,460,293
Wastewater systems	28,337,524	75,785	(36,987)	-	28,376,322
Building and improvements	10,469,451	6,904	-	-	10,476,355
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	5,505,672	217,787	(54,935)	<u> </u>	5,668,524
Subtotal	66,421,522	401,359	(105,756)	(4,735,631)	61,981,494
Less accumulated depreciation					
Water distribution system	(9,886,230)	(626,736)	4,726	1,548,362	(8,959,878)
Wastewater systems	(9,123,189)	(554,724)	14,339	-	(9,663,574)
Building and improvements	(2,817,617)	(256,767)	-	-	(3,074,384)
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	(3,766,764)	(419,156)	54,338		(4,131,582)
Subtotal	(25,593,800)	(1,857,383)	73,403	1,548,362	(25,829,418)
Total depreciable assets, net	40,827,722	(1,456,024)	(32,353)	(3,187,269)	36,152,076
Total	\$ 47,225,528	\$ (1,129,798)	\$ (32,353)	\$ (3,302,660)	\$ 42,760,717

Business-type activities depreciation expenses for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Wastewater Total depreciation expense	•	824,811
Total depreciation expense	\$	1,857,383

The carrying amount of the excess consideration provided for acquisition for the 2006 purchase of a water company in the amount of \$3,302,660 was reclassified from capital assets in fiscal year 2018-19.

Note 6 – Excess Consideration Provided for Acquisition

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the City acquired three water companies. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the City acquired one water company. The net excess of the cost of the acquired water companies over the amounts assigned to net position acquired is reported as goodwill in the City's deferred outflow of resources. At July 1, 2018, the excess consideration provided for acquisition for the 2006 purchase in the amount of \$3,302,660 was reclassed from capital assets. Amortization expense for the fiscal year was \$158,132.

	2005 Purchase	2006 Purchase	Activities Total
Excess Consideration Provided for Acquisition	\$ 1,474,221 (543.819)	\$ 4,851,022 (1,669,637)	\$ 6,325,243 (2,213,456)
Less: Accumulated amortization Total	\$ 930,402	\$ 3,181,385	\$ 4,111,787

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

A. Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

				Classi	fication	
Balance	Debt	Debt	Balance	Due within	Due in More Than One Year	
July 1, 2018	Issued	Retired	June 30, 2019	One Year		
\$ 1,140,441	\$ 1,285,928	\$ (581,817)	\$ 1,844,552	\$ 461,480	\$ 1,383,072	
7,786,960	-	(332,196)	7,454,764	339,340	7,115,424	
511,150	-	(30,068)	481,082	-	481,082	
11,295,000	-	(980,000)	10,315,000	1,010,000	9,305,000	
1,385,895		(138,590)	1,247,305		1,247,305	
20,979,005		(1,480,854)	19,498,151	1,349,340	18,148,811	
\$ 22,119,446	\$ 1,285,928	\$ (2,062,671)	\$ 21,342,703	\$ 1,810,820	\$ 19,531,883	
	\$ 1,140,441 7,786,960 511,150 11,295,000 1,385,895 20,979,005	July 1, 2018 Issued \$ 1,140,441 \$ 1,285,928 7,786,960 - 511,150 - 11,295,000 - 1,385,895 - 20,979,005 -	July 1, 2018 Issued Retired \$ 1,140,441 \$ 1,285,928 \$ (581,817) 7,786,960 - (332,196) 511,150 - (30,068) 11,295,000 - (980,000) 1,385,895 - (138,590) 20,979,005 - (1,480,854)	July 1, 2018 Issued Retired June 30, 2019 \$ 1,140,441 \$ 1,285,928 \$ (581,817) \$ 1,844,552 7,786,960 - (332,196) 7,454,764 511,150 - (30,068) 481,082 11,295,000 - (980,000) 10,315,000 1,385,895 - (138,590) 1,247,305 20,979,005 - (1,480,854) 19,498,151	Balance July 1, 2018 Debt Issued Debt Retired Balance June 30, 2019 Due within One Year \$ 1,140,441 \$ 1,285,928 \$ (581,817) \$ 1,844,552 \$ 461,480 7,786,960 - (332,196) 7,454,764 339,340 511,150 - (30,068) 481,082 - 11,295,000 - (980,000) 10,315,000 1,010,000 1,385,895 - (138,590) 1,247,305 - 20,979,005 - (1,480,854) 19,498,151 1,349,340	

Capital Leases

The City has entered into several lease agreements for the financing of a fire truck, street sweeper, exercise equipment, and police vehicles. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

The annual debt service requirements for the capital leases payable outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 461,480	\$ 101,978	\$ 563,458
2021	485,106	76,969	562,075
2022	510,647	49,912	560,559
2023	334,072	21,615	355,687
2024	53,247	 967	 54,214
Total	\$ 1,844,552	\$ 251,441	\$ 2,095,993

The City entered into capital lease-purchase agreements whereby the lessor acquired certain capital assets and leased them to the City with the option to purchase. The leased assets are included in capital assets and are summarized by major asset class below:

Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	\$ 2,661,613
Less: accumulated depreciation	(635,079)
Total	\$ 2,026,534

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2015 Pledged Revenue Bonds

On June 16, 2015, the City issued Pledged Revenue Obligations, Series 2015, in the amount of \$11,360,000, maturing through 2034 in annual principal payments ranging in amounts from \$460,000 to \$3,350,000. Interest is payable semi-annually ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds of the bonds provided financing for ongoing capital projects and were allocated between governmental activities (\$8.1 million) and business-type activities (\$3.2 million).

The City has pledged state shared and excise tax revenues to repay a total of \$11.4 million in revenue bonds. The government activities portion of the bonds are payable from revenues received from state shared revenues and excise taxes. The business-type activities portion of the bonds are payable from net revenues received from the City's Water System.

The bonds are payable through 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the governmental portion of the bonds is \$11.0 million and the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the business type portion of the bonds is \$4.4 million.

The 2015 bonds requires that the City maintain a 2.0 times coverage ratio of limited sales tax, inclusive of excise tax revenues and state shared revenues, all within and for the most recently completed fiscal year, to current year debt service payments. The City has met its coverage requirements.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 339,340	\$ 315,318	\$ 654,658
2021	346,484	304,995	651,479
2022	360,772	293,557	654,329
2023	371,488	283,475	654,963
2024	382,204	268,347	650,551
2025-2029	2,214,640	1,027,840	3,242,480
2030-2034	2,807,592	427,800	3,235,392
2035	632,244	12,644	644,888
Total	\$ 7,454,764	\$ 2,933,976	\$ 10,388,740

2016 Pledged Revenue Bonds

On August 18, 2016, the City issued Pledged Revenue Refunding Obligations, Series 2016 in the amount of \$12,350,000, maturing through 2027 in annual principal payments ranging in amounts from \$980,000 to \$1,320,000. Interest is payable semi-annually ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the Greater Arizona Development Authority Loan from 2007. The bonds are secured by the City's Excise Tax Revenues and State Shared Revenues. Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 were \$11,295,000.

The 2016 bonds requires that the City maintain a 2.0 times coverage ratio of limited sales tax, inclusive of excise tax revenues and state shared revenues, all within and for the most recently completed fiscal year, to current year debt service payments. The City has met its coverage requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2016 Pledged Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2020	\$	1,010,000	\$ 355,650	\$	1,365,650	
2021		1,030,000	331,438		1,361,438	
2022		1,055,000	304,025		1,359,025	
2023		1,085,000	261,075		1,346,075	
2024		1,085,000	261,075		1,346,075	
2025-2028		5,050,000	 625,575		5,675,575	
Total	\$	10,315,000	\$ 2,138,838	\$	12,453,838	

B. Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

					Classi	fication
	Balance	Debt Issued/	Debt	Balance	Due within	Due in More
	July 1, 2018	Adjustment	Retired	June 30, 2019	One Year	Than One Year
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital leases	\$ 413,270	\$ -	\$ (413,270)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Loans payable:						
2015 WIFA refunding loan	8,967,942	-	(636,802)	8,331,140	650,812	7,680,328
2016 WIFA refunding loan	13,375,790		(695,869)	12,679,921	707,727	11,972,194
Total loans payable	22,343,732		(1,332,671)	21,011,061	1,358,539	19,652,522
Revenue bonds:						
2015 Pledged revenue bonds	3,113,040	-	(132,804)	2,980,236	135,661	2,844,575
Plus: unamortized premium	227,050		(13,356)	213,694		213,694
Total revenue bonds	3,340,090		(146,160)	3,193,930	135,661	3,058,269
Total	\$ 26,097,092	\$ -	\$ (1,892,101)	\$ 24,204,991	\$ 1,494,200	\$ 22,710,791

Capital Leases

The City has entered into several lease agreements for the financing of arsenic containers. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. As of June 30, 2019, the balance of capital leases was \$0.

2015 Water Infrastructure Financing Authority Loan

On June 19, 2015, the City entered into a loan with the Water Infrastructure Financing Authority (WIFA). The original loan amount as of the closing date was \$11,247,154, however, \$550,000 of this principal amount was forgiven leaving a remaining repayment amount of \$10,697,154. This loan refunded the remainder of the MPC Series 2004 revenue bonds. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$2.1 million.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

2015 Water Infrastructure Financing Authority Loan (Continued)

Proceeds of the loan provided financing for the replacement of water lines along Mingus Avenue as well as refunded the remainder of the MPC Series 2004 revenue bonds. The loan is secured solely from a pledge of net system water revenues and debt service payments are payable through 2030. The remaining principal balance on the MPC Series 2004 revenues bonds was \$7.4 million as of June 30, 2019.

The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loan is \$10.2 million. The debt principal and interest paid on this debt during fiscal year 2019 was \$819,110 (approximately six percent of pledged revenues).

The loan agreement requires that the City maintain a 1.35 times coverage ratio of net water system revenues to current year debt service payments. The City has met its coverage requirements.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

,	Year Ending						
	June 30,	Principal		 Interest		Total	
	2020	\$	650,812	\$ 176,126	\$	826,938	
	2021		665,130	161,651		826,781	
	2022		679,763	146,857		826,620	
	2023		694,718	131,738		826,456	
	2024		710,001	116,286		826,287	
	2025-2029		3,791,294	337,487		4,128,781	
	2030-2031		1,139,422	 53,577		1,192,999	
	Total	\$	8,331,140	\$ 1,123,722	\$	9,454,862	

2016 Water Infrastructure Financing Authority Loan

On May 20, 2016, the City entered into a refunding loan with WIFA. The original loan amount as of the closing date was \$16,000,000, however, \$800,000 of this principal amount was forgiven leaving a remaining repayment amount of \$15,200,000. The forgivable portion of the loan proceeds along with \$1,140,000 of unforgivable loan proceeds have not been drawn down as of June 30, 2018. The net proceeds from the refunding loan of \$20,581,226 were used to purchase securities which remain in a cash account held by the trustee at June 30, 2018. The securities purchased will provide for all future debt service payments of the MPC Series 2006 revenue bonds. Accordingly, the MPC Series 2006 revenue bonds are considered defeased as of July 1, 2016. A portion of the net proceeds, \$5,500,000, was also used to defease the Town of Clarkdale's portion of the MPC Series 2006 bonds which paid off the City's receivable from the Town of Clarkdale. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 19 years by \$5.0 million. The remaining principal balance on the MPC Series 2006 revenues bonds was \$18.1 million as of June 30, 2019.

Proceeds of the loan also provided financing to equip the State Route 260 well site and construct a water line. The loan is secured solely from a pledge of net system water revenues and are debt service payments are payable through 2036. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loan is \$15.4 million. The debt principal and interest paid on this debt during fiscal year 2019 was \$917,864 (approximately five percent of pledged revenues).

The loan agreement requires that the City maintain a 1.35 times coverage ratio of net water system revenues to current year debt service payments. The City has met its coverage requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

2016 Water Infrastructure Financing Authority Loan (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 707,727	\$ 210,036	\$ 917,763
2021	719,786	197,874	917,660
2022	732,051	185,504	917,555
2023	744,526	172,924	917,450
2024	757,212	160,129	917,341
2025-2029	3,984,058	600,959	4,585,017
2030-2034	4,335,268	246,758	4,582,026
2035	 699,293	5,958	705,251
Total	\$ 12,679,921	\$ 1,780,142	\$ 14,460,063

2015 Pledged Revenue Bonds

On June 16, 2015, the City issued Pledged Revenue Obligations, Series 2015, in the amount of \$11,360,000, maturing through 2034 in annual principal payments ranging in amounts from \$460,000 to \$3,350,000. Interest is payable semi-annually ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds of the bonds provided financing for ongoing capital projects and were allocated between governmental activities (\$8.1 million) and business-type activities (\$3.2 million).

The City has pledged state shared and excise tax revenues to repay a total of \$11.4 million in revenue bonds issued in 2015. The government activities portion of the bonds are payable from revenues received from state shared and excise tax revenues. The business-type activities portion of the bonds are payable from net revenues received from the City Water System.

The bonds are payable through 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the governmental portion of the bonds is \$11.0 million and the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the business type portion of the bonds is \$4.4 million. The 2015 bonds requires that the City maintain a 2.0 times coverage ratio of limited sales tax, inclusive of excise tax revenues and state shared revenues, all within and for the most recently completed fiscal year, to current year debt service payments. The City has met its coverage requirements.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2020	\$ 135,661	\$ 126,056	\$ 261,717
2021	138,517	121,930	260,447
2022	144,229	117,357	261,586
2023	148,512	113,327	261,839
2024	152,797	107,279	260,076
2025-2029	885,360	410,906	1,296,266
2030-2034	1,122,410	171,024	1,293,434
2035	 252,750	5,055	257,805
Total	\$ 2,980,236	\$ 1,172,934	\$ 4,153,170

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 – Compensated Absences

The City's liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued vacation and sick leave) has been accrued and amounts to \$1,519,980 at June 30, 2019. Summary of changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

					Class	ification
	Balance July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019	Due within One Year	Due in More Than One Year
Compensated absences:						
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,796,180	\$ 1,039,353	\$ (1,477,582)	1,357,951	\$ 919,203	\$ 438,748
Business-Type Activities	122,125	139,224	(99,320)	162,029	65,526	96,503
Total compensated absences	\$ 1,918,305	\$ 1,178,577	\$ (1,576,902)	\$ 1,519,980	\$ 984,729	\$ 535,251

For the Governmental Activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City was unable to obtain general property and liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the City joined the Arizona Municipal Risk Pool (Pool) as an alternative to escalating general liability insurance costs. The Pool is made up of various towns and cities within Arizona that operate a common risk management and insurance program. The Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the Pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The Pool has the authority to assess its' members additional premiums should reserves and annual premiums be insufficient to meet the Pool's obligations.

The City joined the Arizona Public Employers Health Pool (APEHP) for risks of loss related to employee health and accident claims. APEHP is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for towns and cities in the State. The City pays monthly premiums to APEHP for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The agreement provides that APEHP will be self-sustaining through members' premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts for each insured event.

The City joined the Arizona Municipal Workers' Compensation Pool (Pool) together with other governments in the state for risks of loss related to workers' compensation claims. The Pool is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for towns and cities in the State. The City is responsible for paying a premium, based on an experience rating formula that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among members.

The City continues to carry commercial airport insurance for risk of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Summary – Pension and OPEB

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Pension-related deferred outflows of resources:	Governmenta Activities	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		**		Total
Pension contributions made after measurement date:						
ASRS	\$ 749,66	1 \$	165,258	\$	914,919	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2	940,54	7	-		940,547	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2	442,19	3	-		442,193	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3	8,22		-		8,220	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3	9,09	0	-		9,090	
Total pension contributions made after measurement date	2,149,71	1	165,258		2,314,969	
Projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings:						
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2	24,78	7	-		24,787	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2	40,54	3	-		40,543	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3		4	-		4	
Total projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings	65,33	4	-		65,334	
Change in assumptions:						
ASRS	243,39	3	53,655		297,048	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2	862,90	9	-		862,909	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2	701,24	6	-		701,246	
Total change in assumption	1,807,54	8	53,655		1,861,203	
Difference between expected and actual experience						
ASRS	253,39	5	55,859		309,254	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2	457,22	3	-		457,223	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2	47,52	4	-		47,524	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3	8,10	1	-		8,101	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3	72	3	-		723	
Total difference between expected and actual experience	766,96	6	55,859		822,825	
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions						
ASRS	142,18	3	31,343		173,526	
Total change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions	142,18	3	31,343		173,526	
Total pension-related deferred outflows of resources						
ASRS	1,388,63	2	306,115		1,694,747	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2	2,285,46	6	-		2,285,466	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2	1,231,50	6	-		1,231,506	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3	16,32	5	-		16,325	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3	9,81	3			9,813	
Total pension-related deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,931,74	2 \$	306,115	\$	5,237,857	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Summary - Pension and OPEB (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources (Continued)

OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources:	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
OPEB contributions made after measurement date:				
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan	\$ 30,845	\$ 6,799	\$ 37,644	
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan	10,729	2,365	13,094	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2	6,482	-	6,482	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2	12,937	-	12,937	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3	47	-	47	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3	93		93	
Total OPEB contributions made after measurement date	61,133	9,164	70,297	
Change in assumptions:				
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan	46,408	10,230	56,638	
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan	7,480	1,649	9,129	
Total change in assumption	53,888	11,879	65,767	
Difference between expected and actual experience				
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan	883	195	1,078	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2	3,967	-	3,967	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3	176	-	176	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3	16		16	
Total difference between expected and actual experience	5,042	195	5,237	
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions				
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan	11	2	13	
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan	175	38	213	
Total change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	186	40	226	
Total OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources				
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan	77,264	17,031	94,295	
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan	19,267	4,247	23,514	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2	6,482	4,247	6,482	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2	16,904	-	16,904	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3	223	-	223	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3	109	-	109	
Total OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources	\$ 120,249	\$ 21,278	\$ 141,527	

Pension/OPEB Assets and Liabilities

	Governmental Activities		J1		• •		Total
Net Pension liability							
ASRS	\$	9,197,903	\$	2,027,619	\$	11,225,522	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		10,333,548		-		10,333,548	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		2,714,897		-		2,714,897	
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3		933		-		933	
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3		1,923		-		1,923	
Total net pension liability	\$	22,249,204	\$	2,027,619	\$	24,276,823	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Summary – Pension and OPEB (Continued)

Pension/OPEB Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

	Governmental Activities		ess-Type tivities	Total
Net OPEB asset			 	
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan	\$	24,064	\$ 5,305	\$ 29,369
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		41,362	-	41,362
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3		20	-	20
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3		2	 -	2
Total Net OPEB asset	\$	65,448	\$ 5,305	\$ 70,753
Net OPEB liability			 	
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan	\$	34,533	\$ 7,612	\$ 42,145
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		83,212	 	 83,212
Total Net OPEB liability	\$	117,745	\$ 7,612	\$ 125,357

Deferred Inflows of Resources

	Governmental Activities				oe Total	
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources:						
Projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings: ASRS	\$	221,188	\$	48,759	\$	269,947
Total projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings		221,188		48,759		269,947
Change in assumptions:						
ASRS	\$	815,521	\$	179,776	\$	995,297
Total change in assumption		815,521		179,776		995,297
Difference between expected and actual experience						
ASRS		50,706		11,178		61,884
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		16,220		-		16,220
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		553,107		-		553,107
Total difference between expected and actual experience		620,033		11,178		631,211
Total pension-related deferred inflows of resources						
ASRS		1,087,415		239,713		1,327,128
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		16,220		-		16,220
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		553,107		-		553,107
Total pension-related deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,656,742	\$	239,713	\$	1,896,455

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Summary - Pension and OPEB (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

	Governmental Activities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		pe Total	
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources:						
Projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings:						
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan	\$	48,072	\$	10,597	\$	58,669
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan		3,345		737		4,082
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		6,263		-		6,263
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		2,956		-		2,956
Total projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings		60,636		11,334		71,970
Change in assumptions:						
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		9,468		-		9,468
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		3,467		-		3,467
Total change in assumption		12,935		-		12,935
Difference between expected and actual experience						
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan		22,210		4,896		27,106
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		13,950		-		13,950
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		20,153		-		20,153
Total difference between expected and actual experience		56,313		4,896		61,209
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions						
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan		34		8		42
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan		2		1		3
Total change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and		26				4.5
proportionate share of contributions		36		9		45
Total OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources						
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan		70,316		15,501		85,817
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan		3,347		738		4,085
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		29,681		-		29,681
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		26,576		-		26,576
Total OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources	\$	129,920	\$	16,239	\$	146,159

Pension/OPEB Expenses

	Governmental		Busi	ness-Type	
Pension expenses:		Activities	A	ctivities	Total
ASRS	\$	387,891	\$	85,516	\$ 473,407
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		1,823,275		-	1,823,275
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		868,738		-	868,738
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3		3,440		-	3,440
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3		307		-	307
Total net pension expenses	\$	3,083,651	\$	85,516	\$ 3,169,167

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Summary – Pension and OPEB (Continued)

	Gove	ernmental	Busii	ness-Type	
OPEB expenses/(income):	A	ctivities	Ac	ctivities	Total
ASRS - Health Benefit Supplement Plan	\$	23,942	\$	5,278	\$ 29,220
ASRS - Long-Term Disability Plan		12,508		2,757	15,265
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 1 & 2		(2,824)		-	(2,824)
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 1 & 2		10,624		-	10,624
PSPRS - Police Plan - Tier 3		(95)		-	(95)
PSPRS - Fire Plan - Tier 3		(8)		-	 (8)
Total net OPEB expenses	\$	44,147	\$	8,035	\$ 52,182

B. Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Plans

Plan Description

City employees, not covered by the other pension plans described below, participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its Web site at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided

The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Retirement Initial							
	Membership Date:							
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011						
	Sum of years and age equals							
Years of credited service	80 or more	30 years age 55						
and age required to	10 years age 62	25 years age 60						
receive benefit	receive benefit 5 years age 50*							
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*						
		Any years age 65						
Final average salary is	Highest 36 months of last	Highest 60 months of last						
based on	120 months	120 months						
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%						
*With actuarially reduced benefits								

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a members' death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$150 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2019 the City had 148 active and contributing employees were covered by the benefit terms the Plan. As of the date of the audit report, the City was unable to determine the number of transferred/separated employees not receiving benefits or the number of retired employees receiving benefits.

Contributions

In accordance with State statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2019, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.8 percent (11.64 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.8 percent (11.18 percent for retirement, 0.46 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.53 percent (10.41 percent for retirement, 0.06 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The City's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were:

	nployer
Pension Plan	\$ 914,919
Health Benefit Supplement Plan	37,644
Long-Term Disability Plan	 13,094
Total	\$ 965,657

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Plans (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

During fiscal year 2019, the City paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 82 percent from the Governmental Funds, 12 percent from the Water Fund, and 6 percent from the Wastewater Fund.

Assets, Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension/OPEB Plans

At June 30, 2019, the City's reported proportionate share of pension and OPEB liability/(asset)'s for the City was:

		Net
	per	nsion/OPEB
Pension Plan	\$	11,225,522
Health Benefit Supplement Plan		(29,369)
Long-Term Disability Plan		42,145
Total	\$	11,238,298

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2018, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the discount rate from 8 percent to 7.5 percent, changing the projected salary increases from 3–6.75 percent to 2.7–7.2 percent, decreasing the inflation rate from 3 percent to 2.3 percent, and changing the mortality rates. The City's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The City's proportions measured as of June 30, 2018, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, were:

		Health Benefit	Long-Term
	Pension Plan	Supplement Plan	Disability Plan
Proportion June 30, 2017	0.0798000%	0.0806100%	0.0800100%
Proportion June 30, 2018	0.0804900%	0.0815600%	0.0806600%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00069000%	0.00095000%	0.00065000%

As of June 30, 2019, the City reported net pension and OPEB liability/(asset) for its proportionate shares of the net pension and OPEB liability/(asset) of the Arizona State Retirement System Plans as follows:

	Plan's Net Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset)							
	P6	Pension Plan		Health Benefit Supplement Plan		ng-Term bility Plan		
Balance at: 6/30/17 (Valuation date) Balance at: 6/30/18 (Measurement date)	\$	12,431,284 11,225,522	\$	(43,884) (29,369)	\$	29,002 42,145		
Net Changes during 2016-2017		1,205,762		(14,515)		(13,143)		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Plans (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension/OPEB Plans (Continued)

The City recognized the following pension/OPEB expenses for the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Pension/OPEB			
	e	xpenses		
Pension Plan	\$	473,407		
Health Benefit Supplement Plan		29,220		
Long-Term Disability Plan		15,265		
Total	\$	517,892		

At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pension Plan					Health Benefit Supplement Plan				Long-Term Disability Plan			
		rred outflows Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources		Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources		
Contributions made subsequent													
to measurement date	\$	914,919	\$	-	\$	37,644	\$	-	\$	13,094	\$	-	
Difference between projected													
and actual earning on pension plan													
investments		-		(269,947)		-		(58,669)		-		(4,082)	
Changes in assumptions		297,048		(995,297)		56,638		-		9,129		-	
Difference between actual and													
expected experience		309,254		(61,884)		-		(27,106)		1,078		-	
Changes in proportion and													
differences between employer													
contributions and proportionate share													
of contributions		173,526		_		13		(42)		213		(3)	
Total	\$	1,694,747	\$	(1,327,128)	\$	94,295	\$	(85,817)	\$	23,514	\$	(4,085)	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Pe	nsion Plan	lth Benefit lement Plan	Long-Term Disability Plan		
2020	\$	215,129	\$ (11,379)	\$	152	
2021		(231,878)	(11,379)		153	
2022		(409,490)	(11,379)		153	
2023		(121,061)	1,119		1,247	
2024		-	3,852		1,448	
Thereafter					3,182	
	\$	(547,300)	\$ (29,166)	\$	6,335	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension and OPEB Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2016 total pension liability. Both the June 30, 2016 and the June 30, 2017 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68/

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2017 Actuarial roll forward date June 30, 2018

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.5%

Projected salary increases 2.7–7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

Inflation 2.3%

Mortality rates 2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit

Recovery rates 2012 GLDT for long-term disability

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.5 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Equity	50.00%	5.50%	2.75%
Fixed Income	30.00%	3.83%	1.15%
Real Estate	20.00%	5.85%	1.17%
Total	100%	_	5.07%

Discount Rate

At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

Aggregate Net Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset)

Rate (7.50%)

11,225,522

11,238,298

(29,369)

42,145

\$

\$

\$

\$

- 1% Current Discount Discount Rate + 1%

\$

\$

\$

\$

(8.50%)

7,234,652

(143,025)

7,128,322

36,695

	Disco	ount Rate - 1% (6.50%)
Pension Plan	\$	16,002,240
Health Benefit Supplement Plan	\$	104,061
Long-Term Disability Plan	\$	47,762
Total	\$	16,154,063

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued report at www.azasrs.gov.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans

Plan Description

The City's public safety employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A 9-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes their financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Certain retirement and disability benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows. See the publicly available PSPRS financial report for additional benefits information.

		Retirement Initial						
	Membership Date:							
	P. f I	On an Africa Inle 1, 2017						
	Before January 1, 2012	and Before July 1, 2017	On or After July 1, 2017					
Years of service and age	20 years of service, any age	25 years of service or 15 years	15 years of credited service, age 52.5*					
required to receive benefit	15 years of service, age 62	of credited service, age 52.5	15 or more years of service, age 55					
	Highest 36 consecutive months of last	Highest 60 consecutive months of last	Highest 60 consecutive months of last					
Final average salary is based on	20 years	20 years	15 years					
	50% less 2.0% for each year of							
	credited service less than 20 years or							
Normal retirement	plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of	1.5% to 2.5% per year of cred	ited service, not to exceed 80%					
	credited service over 20 years, not to							
	exceed 80%							
Accidental disability retirement	509	% or normal retirement, whichever is gre	eater					
Catastrophic disability retirement	90% for the first 60 months the	hen reduced to either 62.5% or normal r	etirement, whichever is greater					
Ordinary disability retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actu	nal years of credited service or 20 years of	of credited service, whichever is greater,					
Ordinary disability retirement	multiplied by year	s of credited service (not to exceed 20 y	ears) divided by 20					
Survivor benefit								
Retired members	80%	to 100% of retired member's pension be	enefit					
	80% to 100% of accidental disability	retirement benefit or 100% of average n	nonthly compensation if death was the					
Active members	•	result of injuries received on the job						
		-						

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Police Plan (Tier 1 & 2)		Fire Plan (Tier 1 & 2)		Police (Tie		Fire Plan (Tier 3)	
	Pension	Health	Pension	Health	Pension	Health	Pension	Health
Active employees	27	27	25	25	1	1	2	2
Transferred and								
terminated employees	6	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Retired employees								
and beneficiaries	18	18	4	4	0	0	0	0
Total	51	46	30	30	2	2	2	2

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans (Continued)

Contributions

State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Police Plan	Fire Plan	Police Plan	Fire Plan
	(Tier 1 & 2)	(Tier 1 & 2)	(Tier 3)	(Tier 3)
	(Tier 1	7.65%		
Active members - pension	(Tier 2 - hired after	er 7/2011) 11.65%	11.6	5%
City of Cottonwood, Arizona:				
Pension	47.88%	26.66%	45.85%	25.44%
Health Insurance	0.33%	0.78%	0.26%	0.26%

Also statutes required the City was required to contribute at the actuarially determined rate for Police Tier 1 & 2, Police Tier 3, Fire Tier 1 & 2, Fire Tier 3 of 48.21%, 45.54%, 27.44%, and 22.70%, respectively, of annual covered payroll for Police Plan and Fire Plan retired members, respectively who worked in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the PSPRS.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's contributions made for each Plan was as follows:

	Police	e Plan	Fire	Plan	Po	lice Plan			Fire	Plan	
	(Tier	1 & 2)	(Tier	1 & 2)		Tier 3)			(Tie	er 3)	
	Pension	Health	Pension	Health	Pensio	n Hea	alth	P	ension	He	alth
Contributions - employer	\$ 940,547	\$ 6,482	\$ 442,193	\$ 12,937	\$ 8,2	20 \$	47	\$	9,090	\$	93

During fiscal year 2019, the City paid for the total PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions from the general fund.

Net Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset)

The City's net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The City's proportions measured as of June 30, 2018, for the PSPRS Tier 3 Police and Fire Pension/OPEB plans, were:

	Police Pension Plan	Police OPEB Plan	Fire Pension Plan	Fire OPEB Plan
	(Tier 3)	(Tier 3)	(Tier 3)	(Tier 3)
Proportion June 30, 2018	0.4733520%	0.4733280%	0.0422340%	0.0422270%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension and liabilities/(assets) in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.50%

Inflation 3.00%; No explicit price inflation assumption

Salary Increases 4.00% to 8.00% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Mortality Rate Table RP-2000 mortality table projected to 2015 using projection scale AA

(adjusted by 105% for both males and females).

Post Retirement Benefit Increase The cost-of-living adjustment will be based on the average annual

percentage change in the Metropolitan Phoenix-Mesa Consumer Price Index published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	New Strategic	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return ¹
	2.00%	0.25%
Short term investments		
Risk parity	4.00%	5.00%
Fixed income	5.00%	1.25%
Real assets	9.00%	4.52%
GTS	12.00%	3.96%
Private credit	16.00%	6.75%
Real estate	10.00%	3.75%
Private equity	12.00%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14.00%	8.70%
U.S. equity	16.00%	7.60%
	100.00%	_

¹An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.4 percent, which was the same as the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset)

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period:

		Police Plan - 0	66			
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Valuation Date)	\$ 16,508,301	\$ 6,293,544	\$ 10,214,757	\$ 285,295	\$ 317,394	\$ (32,099)
Changes in the year:						
Service cost	390,296	-	390,296	6,462	-	6,462
Interest on the total pension liabilities	1,210,011	-	1,210,011	21,101	-	21,101
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	208,299	-	208,299	(12,591)	-	(12,591)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
members contributions	(703,893)	(703,893)	-	(6,760)	(6,760)	-
Contributions - employer	-	1,384,711	(1,384,711)	-	2,588	(2,588)
Contributions - employee	-	171,124	(171,124)	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	487,040	(487,040)	-	21,981	(21,981)
Administrative expenses	-	(8,113)	8,113	-	(335)	335
Other changes		(344,947)	344,947		1	(1)
Net changes	1,104,713	985,922	118,791	8,212	17,475	(9,263)
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date)	\$ 17,613,014	\$ 7,279,466	\$ 10,333,548	\$ 293,507	\$ 334,869	\$ (41,362)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset) (Continued)

Fire Plan - 102

	То	tal Pension Liability	n Fiduciary et Position	et Pension Liability	otal OPEB Liability	Fiduciary t Position	I	et OPEB iability (Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2017 (Valuation Date)	\$	8,914,739	\$ 6,105,849	\$ 2,808,890	\$ 252,573	\$ 154,001	\$	98,572
Changes in the year:								
Service cost		368,524	-	368,524	6,551	-		6,551
Interest on the total pension liabilities		666,698	-	666,698	18,603	-		18,603
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-	-	-	-		_
Differences between expected and actual								
experience		(223,813)	-	(223,813)	(22,528)	-		(22,528)
Changes of Assumptions		-	-	-	-	-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
members contributions		(179,128)	(179,128)	-	(8,901)	(8,901)		-
Contributions - employer		-	704,801	(704,801)	-	7,543		(7,543)
Contributions - employee		-	145,107	(145,107)	-	-		-
Net investment income		-	446,127	(446,127)	-	10,605		(10,605)
Administrative expenses		-	(7,490)	7,490	-	(161)		161
Other changes		_	 (383,143)	383,143	 _	 (1)		1
Net changes		632,281	726,274	(93,993)	(6,275)	9,085		(15,360)
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date)	\$	9,547,020	\$ 6,832,123	\$ 2,714,897	\$ 246,298	\$ 163,086	\$	83,212

Sensitivity of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

Sensitivity of the City's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the City's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the City's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

Police Pension Plan (Tier 1 & 2)
Police OPEB Plan (Tier 1 & 2)
Fire Pension Plan (Tier 1 & 2)
Fire OPEB Plan (Tier 1 & 2)
Aggregate Total

	Plan's Aggregat	te Net l	Pension/OPEB (A	sset) L	iability	
Disco	iscount Rate - 1% Current Discount (6.40%) Rate (7.40%)			Discount Rate + 1% (8.40%)		
\$	12,969,217	\$	10,333,548	\$	8,212,035	
\$	(2,566)	\$	(41,362)	\$	(73,493)	
\$	4,230,105	\$	2,714,897	\$	1,491,635	
\$	117,096	\$	83,212	\$	55,253	
\$	17,313,852	\$	13,090,295	\$	9,703,670	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate (Continued)

Plan's Aggregate Proportionate Share of Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability Discount Rate - 1% **Current Discount** Discount Rate + 1% (6.40%)Rate (7.40%) (8.40%)Police Pension Plan (Tier 3) \$ 3,598 \$ 933 \$ (1,030)Police OPEB Plan (Tier 3) \$ 39 \$ (20)\$ (62)\$ Fire Pension Plan (Tier 3) 1,923 \$ \$ Fire OPEB Plan (Tier 3) \$ (2) 3 (6) 3,640 \$ 2,834 \$ (1,030)**Aggregate Total**

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension/OPEB Plans

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

Pension/OPEB expense/(in	come)	
Pension Plan - Police (Tier 1 & 2)	\$	1,823,275
Pension Plan - Fire (Tier 1 & 2)		868,738
Pension Plan - Police (Tier 3)		3,440
Pension Plan - Fire (Tier 3)		307
OPEB Plan - Police (Tier 1 & 2)		(2,824)
OPEB Plan - Fire (Tier 1 & 2)		10,624
OPEB Plan - Police (Tier 3)		(95)
OPEB Plan - Fire (Tier 3)		(8)
Total	\$	2,703,457

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension/OPEB Plans (Continued)

At June 30, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	P	olice Plan (Tier		<u>′</u>			
		Pensio	n Pla	n	OPEB	Plan	
		rred outflows Resources	_	eferred inflows of Resources	 rred outflows Resources		rred inflows Resources
Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	940,547	\$	-	\$ 6,482	\$	-
Difference between projected and actual earning on							
pension plan investments		24,787		-	-		(6,263)
Changes in assumptions		862,909		-	-		(9,468)
Difference between actual and expected experience		457,223		(16,220)			(13,950)
Total	\$	2,285,466	\$	(16,220)	\$ 6,482	\$	(29,681)

	Fire Plan (Tier 1 Pensio	_	<u> </u>		OPER	Pla	n
	 erred outflows Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources	D	eferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources
Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$ 442,193	\$	-	\$	12,937	\$	-
Difference between projected and actual earning on							
pension plan investments	40,543		-		-		(2,956)
Changes in assumptions	701,246		-		-		(3,467)
Difference between actual and expected experience	47,524		(553,107)		3,967		(20,153)
Total	\$ 1,231,506	\$	(553,107)	\$	16,904	\$	(26,576)

n (Tier 3)	Police Plan (Tie	
ension Plan OPEB Plan	Pension	
vs Deferred inflows Deferred outflows Deferred inflows of Resources of Resources	Deferred outflows of Resources	
220 \$ - \$ 47 \$ -	\$ 8,220	Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date
4	4	Difference between projected and actual earning on
4	4	pension plan investments
	-	Changes in assumptions
101 - 176 -	8,101	Difference between actual and expected experience
		Changes in proportion and
		differences between employer contributions and
<u></u>		proportionate share of contributions
325 \$ - \$ 223 \$ -	\$ 16,325	Total
325 \$ - \$ 223 \$	\$ 16,325	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Arizona Public Safety Retirement System ("PSPRS") Plans (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension/OPEB Plans (Continued)

		Pensio	n Plan		OPEB Plan				
		ed outflows esources	Deferred inflows of Resources		Deferred outflow of Resources	s	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	9,090	\$	-	\$	93	\$ -		
Difference between projected and actual earning on									
pension plan investments		-		-		-	-		
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-	-		
Difference between actual and expected experience		723		-		16	-		
Changes in proportion and									
differences between employer contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions						_	-		
Total	\$	9,813	\$		\$ 10)9	\$ -		

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources									
	Pol	lice Pension	Po	lice OPEB	Fire Pension Plan (Tier 1 & 2)		Fire Pension F			Fire OPEB
Year Ended June 30,	Plan	(Tier 1 & 2)	Plan	(Tier 1 & 2)				Plan (Tier 1 & 2)		
2020	\$	568,995	\$	91,863	\$	(7,401)	\$	(3,352)		
2021		401,459		53,942		(7,401)		(3,352)		
2022		223,657		(17,829)		(7,400)		(3,350)		
2023		131,919		33,431		(4,957)		(2,170)		
2024		2,669		30,216		(2,522)		(2,317)		
Thereafter				44,583				(8,068)		
	\$	1,328,699	\$	236,206	\$	(29,681)	\$	(22,609)		

			Deferred Outflows	/(Infl	lows) of Resources		
	Polic	e Pension	Police OPEB		Fire Pension	Fire OPEB	
Year Ended June 30,	Pla	n (Tier 3)	Plan (Tier 3)		Plan (Tier 3)	 Plan (Tier 3)	
2020	\$	580	\$ 12	\$	52	\$	1
2021		580	12		52		1
2022		580	12		52		1
2023		580	12		52		1
2024		579	12		52		1
Thereafter		5,206	116		463		11
	\$	8,105	\$ 176	\$	723	\$	16

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 – Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

D. Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund

The Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund, known as the Cottonwood Fire Department Alternate Pension/Benefit Plan, is a defined contribution pension plan administered by the City and a board of trustees for the City's volunteer firefighters.

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. According to the plan, a volunteer firefighter who has served twelve (12) months is eligible to participate. Normal retirement is the earlier of age 55 or 20 years of service. The employer contributions vest at twenty-five percent (25 percent) after three (3) years, six percent (6 percent) per year thereafter until the volunteer is 100 percent vested after fifteen (15) years. The monthly retirement benefit cannot exceed \$150, as determined by the Board of Trustees. Such pension, if paid, may be increased or decreased in amount, or discontinued at the discretion of the board of trustees. Pension and relief benefits may only be paid from the income of the trust fund. However, a firefighter who leaves the service without being eligible for retirement benefits is entitled to all previous deductions from his salary plus interest at a rate determined by the board of trustees. As established by state statute, in lieu of another acceptable pension plan, all volunteer firefighters must participate in the pension plan from the date they enter service.

Each volunteer must contribute at least 5.0 percent of covered compensation which is matched by the City. In addition, the State of Arizona is required by statute to contribute a portion of the annual tax received on fire insurance premiums. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City did not contribute to the Fund as there were no participants in the plan.

No pension provision changes occurred during the year that affected the required contributions to be made by the City or its volunteer firefighters. The Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund held no securities of the City or other related parties during the fiscal year or as of the close of the fiscal year. A separate, audited GAAP-basis postemployment benefit plan was not available.

Note 11 – Other Required Disclosures

A. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position

At June 30, 2019, the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position had an unrestricted net position deficit of \$(13,832,151).

At June 30, 2019, the following funds had a fund deficit, which will be eliminated through the reduction in future expenditures and/or the use of new funding sources:

Fund	Fund Type	Deficit	
Transit Fund	Governmental Fund	\$	418

City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 11 – Other Required Disclosures (Continued)

B. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following function(s) of the General Fund:

Fund	Fund Function		Expenditures opropriations
General Fund	Public safety	\$	75,585
General Fund	Culture and leisure		894
General Fund	Capital Outlay		90,872
General Fund	Interest and fiscal charges,		
	net of amortization of		
	deferred loss on refunding		1,103
Grant Fund	Culture and Leisure		422

Note 12 – Classification of Fund Balances

The City classifies fund balances, as shown on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2019 as follows:

	M ajor	Fund	ls				
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	\$ 21,568	\$	-	\$	22,285	\$	43,853
Prepaid items	-		18,225		-		18,225
Total nonspendable	21,568		18,225		22,285		62,078
Restricted:							
Grants	-		-		11,164		11,164
Highways and streets	-		-		2,093,296		2,093,296
Debt service	-		348,012		-		348,012
Capital Outlay	-		-		557,989		557,989
Total restricted	-		348,012		2,662,449		3,010,461
Assigned:							
Capital outlay	1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Total assigned	1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Unassigned	3,772,894		-		(418)		3,772,476
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,794,462	\$	366,237	\$	2,684,316	\$	7,845,015

City of Cottonwood Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

The City is a party to a number of various types of lawsuits, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The ultimate outcome of the actions is not determinable, however, City management believes that the outcome of these proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a materially adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

B. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. While no matters of non-compliance were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements or single audit of the Federal grant programs, grantor agencies may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed costs. In the opinion of management, future disallowances of current or prior grant expenditures, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

C. Construction Commitments

Various construction projects in all fund types were in progress at June 30, 2019 with a planned cost to complete of approximately \$4,257,520.

City of Cottonwood Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

City of Cottonwood Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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City of Cottonwood Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Budgetary Information

The City maintains budgetary controls in order to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system to provide management with information regarding obligations against appropriations. Budgetary compliance is based on expenditures during the period (GAAP), rather than expenditures and encumbrances (non-GAAP). Because appropriations lapse at June 30, encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019 are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Appropriations for fiscal year 2019 will provide authority to complete those transactions.

The City is required by its municipal code to adopt an annual budget on or before June 30 for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, the amounts become the "annual appropriated budget."

The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts within any fund during the budget year as long as it does not increase the total budget within the fund. However, any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund without coinciding revenue increases must be approved by the City Council.

Per state law, expenditures may not legally exceed the expenditure limitation of all fund types as a whole. For management purposes, the City adopts a budget by department for each separate fund and establishes the legal level of local budgetary control at this level. The adopted budget cannot be amended in any way without City Council approval.

Total expenditures are not in excess of the City Council approved Annual Expenditure Limitation adopted with the Budget for fiscal year June 30, 2019, and therefore are properly authorized. The City's total expenditure limit was \$69,528,685.

The adopted budget of the City is prepared on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the following exceptions: 1) Indirect costs charged to other funds are budgeted within the General Fund as revenues rather than reductions of expenditures, and 2) intrafund transfers are budgeted as transfers but are eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Consequently, the following adjustments were necessary to present actual revenues, actual expenditures, transfers in, and transfers out on a budgetary basis in order to provide a meaningful comparison.

	Total			Transfers		ransfers
	Revenues	Expenditures	In		-	Out
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and						
Changes in Fund Balances -						
Governmental Funds	\$ 28,405,693	\$ 27,785,560	\$	25,512	\$	(25,512)
Indirect cost	1,251,020	1,251,020		-		-
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and						
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -						
General Fund	\$ 29,656,713	\$ 29,036,580	\$	25,512	\$	(25,512)

City of Cottonwood Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 13,137,160	\$ 14,294,080	\$ 14,369,751	\$ 75,671
Intergovernmental	4,147,745	4,088,355	4,107,684	19,329
Licenses and permits	309,000	434,910	568,297	133,387
Fines and forfeitures	152,000	172,350	213,450	41,100
Rents and royalties	179,100	141,230	159,879	18,649
Investment income	25,045	32,040	83,736	51,696
Charges for services	1,983,580	2,236,130	2,121,852	(114,278
Contributions	5,500	27,460	30,935	3,475
Miscellaneous	1,184,530	1,277,675	1,300,823	23,148
Total revenues	21,123,660	22,704,230	22,956,407	252,17
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	6,130,010	6,292,825	6,139,003	153,82
Public safety	11,808,055	10,996,030	11,071,615	(75,58
Culture and leisure	3,412,260	3,301,780	3,302,674	(89
Capital outlay	246,040	1,587,895	1,678,767	(90,87
Debt service:				
Principal	374,320	374,320	374,313	,
Interest and fiscal charges,net of amortization of				
deferred loss on refunding	463,740	121,235	122,338	(1,10)
Total expenditures	22,434,425	22,674,085	22,688,710	(14,625
REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,310,765)	30,145	267,697	237,552
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from debt issuance	-	-	1,285,928	1,285,92
Sales of property	58,000	83,320	82,369	(95
Transfers In	-	(66,505)	-	66,50
Transfers out	(700,000)	(23,505)	(25,512)	(2,00
Total other financing sources (uses)	(642,000)	(6,690)	1,342,785	1,349,47
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,952,765)	\$ 23,455	1,610,482	\$ 1,587,02
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			3,183,980	
End of year			\$ 4,794,462	
2 3. j em			Ψ 1,777,702	

City of Cottonwood Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Employees' Retirement System ("ASRS") Pension Plan

Measurement Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.08049%	0.07980%	0.07865%	0.07549%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 11,225,522	\$ 12,431,284	\$ 12,694,900	\$ 11,759,105
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 7,599,309	\$ 7,377,970	\$ 7,163,077	\$ 6,954,444
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll	147.72%	168.49%	177.23%	169.09%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

City of Cottonwood Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Continued)

Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Employees' Retirement System ("ASRS") Health Insurance Premium Benefit

Measurement Period	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jui	ne 30, 2016 ¹
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability		0.08156%		0.08061%		0.08061%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	(29,369)	\$	(43,884)	\$	23,309
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	7,599,309	\$	7,377,970	\$	7,163,077
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		-0.39%		-0.59%		0.33%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		102.20%		103.57%		103.57%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Employees' Retirement System ("ASRS") Long-Term Disability

Measurement Period	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jur	ne 30, 2016 ¹
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability		0.08066%		0.08001%		0.08001%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	42,145	\$	29,002	\$	28,753
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	7,599,309	\$	7,377,970	\$	7,163,077
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		0.55%		0.39%		0.40%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		77.83%		84.44%		84.44%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Police Pension Plan (Tier 3)

Measurement Period	June	e 30, 2018 ¹
City's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability		0.47335%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$	933
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	100,345
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		0.93%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		89.24%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which the plan is in effect.

Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Fire Pension Plan (Tier 3)

Measurement Period	Jur	ne 30, 2018 ¹
City's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability		0.04223%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$	1,923
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	75,628
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		2.54%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		89.24%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which the plan is in effect.

Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Police OPEB Plan (Tier 3)

Measurement Period	June	June 30, 2018 ¹					
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability		0.47333%					
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	(20)					
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	100,345					
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		-0.02%					
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		110.51%					

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which the plan is in effect.

Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Fire OPEB Plan (Tier 3)

Measurement Period	June	30, 2018 ¹
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability		0.04223%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	(2)
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	75,628
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		0.00%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		110.51%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which the plan is in effect.

City of Cottonwood Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Asset/(Liability) and Related Ratios Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Police Pension Plan

Total Pension Liability		2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	 2014-15	2013-14
Service cost	\$	390,296	\$ 466,156	\$ 377,687	\$ 363,471	\$ 354,387
Interest on total pension liability		1,210,011	1,109,897	1,005,947	943,940	773,831
Changes in assumptions		-	297,828	604,633	-	1,448,801
Differences between expected and actual experience		208,299	52,873	358,438	186,411	(74,185)
Changes in benefit terms		-	355,721	367,613	-	258,918
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributi	1	(703,893)	(679,447)	(869,625)	(552,428)	(646,187)
Net change in total pension liability		1,104,713	1,603,028	1,844,693	941,394	2,115,565
Total pension liability - beginning		16,508,301	14,905,273	13,060,580	12,119,186	10,003,621
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	17,613,014	\$ 16,508,301	\$ 14,905,273	\$ 13,060,580	\$ 12,119,186
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	1,384,711	\$ 911,276	\$ 910,441	\$ 601,731	\$ 562,803
Contributions - employee		171,124	217,925	235,544	227,682	199,451
Investment income (net of administrative expenses)		487,040	666,184	31,475	167,936	531,085
Benefit payments		(703,893)	(679,447)	(869,625)	(552,428)	(646,187)
Administrative expenses		(8,113)	(6,295)	(4,929)	(4,475)	-
Other		(344,947)	63	(7,369)	(12,483)	(211,221)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		985,922	1,109,706	295,537	427,963	435,931
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,293,544	5,183,838	4,888,301	4,460,338	4,024,407
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	7,279,466	\$ 6,293,544	\$ 5,183,838	\$ 4,888,301	\$ 4,460,338
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	10,333,548	\$ 10,214,757	\$ 9,721,435	\$ 8,172,279	\$ 7,658,848
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the						
total pension liability		41.33%	38.12%	34.78%	37.43%	36.80%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,075,028	\$ 2,014,590	\$ 1,955,913	\$ 2,034,987	\$ 1,913,359
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-						
employee payroll		498.00%	507.04%	497.03%	401.59%	400.28%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

City of Cottonwood Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Asset/(Liability) and Related Ratios Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Fire Pension Plan

Total Pension Liability		2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14
Service cost	\$	368,524	\$	384,392	\$	310,941	\$	311,663	\$	303,278
Interest on total pension liability		666,698		596,244		511,500		477,670		392,718
Changes in assumptions		-		133,242		326,086		-		379,456
Differences between expected and actual experience		(223,813)		(178,835)		(118,267)		(191,635)		84,144
Changes in benefit terms		-		309,205		556,936		-		45,070
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contribution		(179,128)		(174,457)		(205,399)		(127,375)		(125,956)
Net change in total pension liability		632,281		1,069,791		1,381,797		470,323		1,078,710
Total pension liability - beginning		8,914,739		7,844,948		6,463,151		5,992,828		4,914,118
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	9,547,020	\$	8,914,739	\$	7,844,948	\$	6,463,151	\$	5,992,828
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$	704,801	\$	355,006	\$	344,528	\$	247,248	\$	261,908
Contributions - employee	Ψ.	145,107	Ψ.	183,748	Ψ	195,245	Ψ.	187,916	Ψ	171,178
Investment income (net of administrative expenses)		446,127		651,916		29,391		167,246		505,572
Benefit payments		(179,128)		(174,457)		(205,399)		(127,375)		(125,956)
Administrative expenses		(7,490)		(6,168)		(4,629)		(4,470)		-
Other		(383,143)		64		(88,820)		(78,930)		(22,265)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		726,274		1,010,109		270,316		391,635		790,437
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,105,849		5,095,740		4,825,424		4,433,789		3,643,352
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	6,832,123	\$	6,105,849	\$	5,095,740	\$	4,825,424	\$	4,433,789
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	2,714,897	\$	2,808,890	\$	2,749,208	\$	1,637,727	\$	1,559,039
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.56%		68.49%		64.96%		74.66%		73.98%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,929,297	\$	1,873,104	\$	1,818,548	\$	1,604,216	\$	1,689,214
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		140.72%		149.96%		166.38%		102.09%		92.29%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

City of Cottonwood Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Asset/(Liability) and Related Ratios Last Ten Years

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Police OPEB Plan

Total OPEB Liability	 2017-18	 2016-17
Service cost	\$ 6,462	\$ 8,171
Interest on total OPEB liability	21,101	21,172
Changes in assumptions	-	253
Differences between expected and actual experience	(12,591)	(5,210)
Changes in benefit terms	-	(13,866)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(6,760)	(6,868)
Net change in total OPEB liability	8,212	3,652
Total OPEB liability - beginning	285,295	281,643
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 293,507	\$ 285,295
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,588	\$ 5,612
Contributions - employee	-	-
Investment income (net of administrative expenses)	21,981	33,569
Benefit payments	(6,760)	(6,868)
Administrative expenses	(335)	(297)
Other	1	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	17,475	32,016
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	317,394	285,378
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 334,869	\$ 317,394
Net OPEB asset - ending (a)-(b)	\$ (41,362)	\$ (32,099)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
total OPEB liability	114.09%	111.25%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,075,028	\$ 2,014,590
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-	-1.99%	-1.59%
employ ee p ay roll	-1.99%	-1.37%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Asset/(Liability) and Related Ratios Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Fire OPEB Plan

Total OPEB Liability	2017-18			2016-17			
Service cost	\$	6,551	\$	6,493			
Interest on total OPEB liability		18,603		17,608			
Changes in assumptions		-		1,094			
Differences between expected and actual experience		(22,528)		4,879			
Changes in benefit terms		-		(4,263)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(8,901)		(9,522)			
Net change in total OPEB liability		(6,275)		16,289			
Total OPEB liability - beginning		252,573		236,284			
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	246,298	\$	252,573			
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	7,543	\$	9,935			
Contributions - employee		-		-			
Investment income (net of administrative expenses)		10,605		16,231			
Benefit payments		(8,901)		(9,522)			
Administrative expenses		(161)		(143)			
Other		(1)		-			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		9,085		16,501			
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		154,001		137,500			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	163,086	\$	154,001			
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	83,212	\$	98,572			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the							
total OPEB liability		66.21%		60.97%			
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,929,297	\$	1,873,104			
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		4.31%		5.26%			

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Pension Plan

	 2018-19	2017-18		2016-17	2015-16			2014-15	 2013-14
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 914,919	\$ 882,838	\$	810,358	\$	815,999	\$	271,845	\$ 623,008
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	(914,919)	(882,838)		(810,358)		(815,999)		(271,845)	(623,008)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,886,380	\$ 3,773,184	\$	3,663,286	\$	3,556,588	\$	3,452,998	\$ 3,478,615
Contributions as a percentage of covered-	22.540/	22 400/		22 120/		22.040/		7 970	17.010/
employee payroll	23.54%	23.40%		22.12%		22.94%		7.87%	17.91%

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule

Arizona Employees' Retirement System ("ASRS") Health Insurance Premium Benefit Plan

	 2018-19	2017-18	 2016-17 ¹
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 37,644	\$ 34,932	\$ 43,396
Contributions in relation to the statutorily			
required contributions	(37,644)	(34,932)	(43,396)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,886,380	\$ 3,773,184	\$ 3,663,286
Contributions as a percentage of covered-			
employ ee payroll	0.97%	0.93%	1.18%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule

6/30/2017 Valuation date:

Arizona Employees' Retirement System ("ASRS") Long-Term Disability Plan

	2018-19	2017-18	2016-171			
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 13,094	\$ 12,706	\$	10,882		
Contributions in relation to the statutorily						
required contributions	 (13,094)	 (12,706)		(10,882)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,886,380	\$ 3,773,184	\$	3,663,286		
employee payroll	0.34%	0.34%		0.30%		

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule

Schedules of Contributions (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Police Pension Plan (Tiers 1 & 2)

	 2018-19		2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15	2	013-14
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 940,547	\$	974,192	\$	879,100	\$	910,441	\$	601,731	\$	562,803
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(940,547)		(974,192)		(879,100)		(910,441)		(601,731)		(562,803)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,137,279	\$	2,075,028	\$	2,014,590	\$	1,955,913	\$	2,034,987	\$	1,913,359
Contributions as a percentage of covered-											
employee payroll	44.01%		46.95%		43.64%		46.55%		29.57%		29.41%

 $^{^{1}\}mbox{Historical information}$ is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 6/30/2018

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2017-18 were from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to actuarially determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years; if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, the excess was amortized over an open period of 20 years

and applied as a credit to reduce the normal cost which otherwise would be payable.

Asset valuation method 7-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage inflation 4.00% Price inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 4.00% to 8.00% including inflation.

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an

Schedules of Contributions (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Fire Pension Plan (Tiers 1 & 2)

	2018-19	2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2	013-14
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 442,193	\$	430,827	\$	324,450	\$	323,156	\$	243,520	\$	268,585
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(442,193)		(430,827)		(324,450)		(323,156)		(243,520)		(268,585)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,987,177	\$	1,929,298	\$	1,873,104	\$	1,818,548	\$	1,604,216	\$	1,689,214
Contributions as a percentage of covered-											
employee payroll	22.25%		22.33%		17.32%		17.77%		15.18%		15.90%

¹Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 6/30/2018

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2017-18 were from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to actuarially determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years; if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, the excess was amortized over an open period of 20 years and

applied as a credit to reduce the normal cost which otherwise would be payable.

Asset valuation method 7-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Payroll growth 4.00% Salary increases 3.00%

Salary increases 4.00% to 8.00% including inflation.

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an

Schedules of Contributions (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Police OPEB Plan (Tiers 1 & 2)

	 2018-19	 2017-18	2016-171
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 6,482 (6,482)	\$ 8,256 (8,256)	\$ 5,612 (5,612)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,137,279	\$ 2,075,028	\$ 2,014,590
Contributions as a percentage of covered-	0.200/	0.400/	0.289/
employee payroll	0.30%	0.40%	0.28%

¹Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 6/30/2018

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2017-18 were from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to actuarially determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years; if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, the excess was amortized over an open period of 20 years

and applied as a credit to reduce the normal cost which otherwise would be payable.

Asset valuation method 7-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Payroll growth 4.00% Salary increases 3.00%

Salary increases 4.00% to 8.00% including inflation.

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of investment and administrative expenses.

Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an

Schedules of Contributions (Continued) Last Ten Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Fire OPEB Plan (Tiers 1 & 2)

	2018-19	 2017-18	 2016-171
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 12,937 (12,937)	\$ 12,495 (12,495)	\$ 9,935 (9,935)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,987,177	\$ 1,929,298	\$ 1,873,104
Contributions as a percentage of covered-			
employ ee pay roll	0.65%	0.65%	0.53%

¹Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 6/30/2018

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2016-17 were from the June 30, 2012 public agency valuations.

Methods and assumptions used to actuarially determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years; if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, the excess was amortized over an open period of 20 years

and applied as a credit to reduce the normal cost which otherwise would be payable.

Asset valuation method 7-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Payroll growth 4.00% Salary increases 3.00%

Salary increases 4.00% to 8.00% including inflation.

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of investment and administrative expenses.

Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Police Pension Plan (Tier 3)

	2	2018-19	2017-181		
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$	8,220 (8,220)	\$	3,731 (3,731)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	103,355	\$	100,345	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-					
employee payroll		7.95%		3.72%	

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which the plan was in effect.

Notes to Schedule

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Fire Pension Plan (Tier 3)

	2	2018-19		2017-181	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	9,090	\$	333	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions		(9,090)		(333)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	_	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	77,897	\$	75,628	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-					
employee payroll		11.67%		0.44%	

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which the plan was in effect.

Notes to Schedule

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Police OPEB Plan (Tier 3)

	2018-19		2017-181		
Statutorily required contribution	\$	47	\$	100	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(47)		(100)	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	103,355	\$ \$	100,345	
	Ψ	103,333	Ψ	100,543	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.05%		0.10%	

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which the plan was in effect.

Notes to Schedule

Arizona Public Safety Public Retirement System ("PSPRS") Fire OPEB Plan (Tier 3)

		018-19	2017-181		
Statutorily required contribution	\$	93	\$	9	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions		(93)		(9)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	77,897	\$	75,628	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-					
employee payroll		0.12%		0.01%	

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which the plan was in effect.

Notes to Schedule

Supplementary Information

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Non-Major Governmental Funds

Grant Special Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's restricted resources from federal, state, and other grants.

HURF Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for the City's share of state taxes on gasoline, diesel fuels and other transportation related fees to be used solely for street and highway purposes. Eligible expenditures include the cost of personnel, right-of-way acquisitions, construction, reconstruction, maintenance, repair, roadside development of city roads, streets and bridges and the payment of the principal and interest on highway and street bonds.

Transit Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for the operation of the City's public transportation system.

City Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition, construction and improvement of the city's major capital facilities.

City of Cottonwood Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Fund						
	Grants Fund			HURF Fund		Transit Fund		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash investments	\$	12,956	\$	1,611,462	\$	-		
Restricted cash and cash investments		-		701,240		-		
Receivables:								
Accounts		-		476		82,108		
Taxes		-		50,087		-		
Intergovernmental		-		96,804		279,292		
Inventories				22,285				
Total assets	\$	12,956	\$	2,482,354	\$	361,400		
LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,792	\$	65,344	\$	50,682		
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		_		5,032		22,141		
Due to other funds		_		-		288,995		
Interest payable - current portion		_		94,712		-		
Principal payable - current portion		_		201,685				
Total liabilities		1,792		366,773		361,818		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		_		22,285		-		
Restricted		11,164		2,093,296		-		
Unassigned		-		-		(418)		
Total fund balances		11,164		2,115,581		(418)		
Total liabilities and fund balances	_\$	12,956	\$	2,482,354	\$	361,400		

City of Cottonwood Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Cir	ital Project Fund ty Capital jects Fund		Total Non-major overnmental Funds
4.000000	F10	jects Fullu		rulius
ASSETS				
Cash and cash investments	\$	380,759	\$	2,005,177
Restricted cash and cash investments		174,332		875,572
Receivables:				
Accounts		-		82,584
Taxes		-		50,087
Intergovernmental Inventories		3,776		379,872
		-		22,285
Total assets	\$	558,867	\$	3,415,577
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	878	\$	118,696
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	•	-	·	27,173
Due to other funds		_		288,995
Interest payable - current portion		_		94,712
Principal payable - current portion		_		201,685
Total liabilities		878		731,261
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable		-		22,285
Restricted		557,989		2,662,449
Unassigned		-		(418)
Total fund balances		557,989		2,684,316
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	558,867	\$	3,415,577

City of Cottonwood Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Fund								
	Grants Fund	HURF Fund	Transit Fund							
REVENUES:										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 738,664	\$ 394,495							
Intergovernmental	165,758	1,054,486	1,186,526							
Investment income	3	26,950	-							
Charges for services			211,490							
	165,761	1,820,100	1,792,511							
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Highways and streets	-	908,747	-							
Transportation	-	-	1,789,161							
Culture and leisure	422	-	-							
Capital outlay	164,078	328,677	28,860							
Debt service: Principal		221,313								
Interest and fiscal charges, net of amortization of	-	221,313	-							
deferred loss on refunding	_	211,630	_							
Total expenditures	164,500	1,670,367	1,818,021							
REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,261	149,733	(25,510)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in	420		25,092							
Total other financing sources (uses)	420		25,092							
Net changes in fund balances	1,681	149,733	(418)							
FUND BALANCES:										
Beginning of year	9,483	1,965,848								
End of year	\$ 11,164	\$ 2,115,581	\$ (418)							

City of Cottonwood Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Capital Project Fund City Capital Projects Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	Φ.	Φ 1122.150
Taxes	\$ - 3,776	\$ 1,133,159 2,410,546
Intergovernmental Investment income	22,240	49,193
Charges for services	22,240	211,490
	26,016	3,804,388
	20,010	3,804,388
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Highways and streets	-	908,747
Transportation	-	1,789,161
Culture and leisure	-	422
Capital outlay	-	521,615
Debt service: Principal		221 212
Interest and fiscal charges, net of amortization of	-	221,313
deferred loss on refunding	5,991	217,621
Total expenditures	5,991	3,658,879
Total expenditures		3,036,679
REVENUES OVER		
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	20,025	145,509
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Transfers in		25,512
Total other financing sources (uses)		25,512
Net changes in fund balances	20,025	171,021
FUND BALANCES:		
Beginning of year	537,964	2,513,295
End of year	\$ 557,989	\$ 2,684,316
•		

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City of Cottonwood Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amou	ints	Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Final Budget		
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 1,645,220	\$	1,645,220	\$ 1,643,708	\$	(1,512)	
Investment income	400		650	1,190		540	
Total revenues	 1,645,620		1,645,870	1,644,898		(972)	
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service:							
Principal	1,147,655		1,147,655	948,984		198,671	
Interest and fiscal charges, net of amortization of	400 415		501 545	400.005		12 779	
deferred loss on refunding	 499,415		501,765	 488,987		12,778	
Total expenditures	 1,647,070		1,649,420	 1,437,971		211,449	
REVENUE OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (1,450)		(3,550)	 206,927		210,477	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,450)	\$	(3,550)	206,927	\$	210,477	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				159,310			
End of year				\$ 366,237			

City of Cottonwood Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget		
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental	\$	709,220	\$	165,760	\$	165,758	\$	(2)	
Investment income		5				3		3	
Total revenues		709,225		165,760		165,761		1	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Culture and leisure		-		-		422		(422)	
Capital outlay		871,815		265,255		164,078		101,177	
Total expenditures		871,815		265,255		164,500		100,755	
REVENUE OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(162,590)		(99,495)		1,261		100,756	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		_		90,010		420		(89,590)	
Total other financing sources (uses)				90,010		420		(89,590)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(162,590)	\$	(9,485)		1,681	\$	11,166	
FUND BALANCE:									
Beginning of year						9,483			
End of year					\$	11,164			

City of Cottonwood Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual HURF Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual	Variance with		
	Orig	inal		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	646,110	\$	429,610	\$ 738,664	\$	309,054	
Intergovernmental	1,0	005,475		1,025,500	1,054,486		28,986	
Investment income		5,000		12,600	26,950		14,350	
Miscellaneous		115,000			 			
Total revenues	1,	771,585		1,467,710	 1,820,100		352,390	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Highways and streets	9	911,045		1,009,490	908,747		100,743	
Capital outlay	2,	862,000		1,020,520	328,677		691,843	
Debt service:								
Principal		241,100		241,100	221,313		19,787	
Interest and fiscal charges, net of amortization of		101.050		101.045	211 (20		(10.795)	
deferred loss on refunding		191,850		191,845	 211,630		(19,785)	
Total expenditures	4,2	205,995		2,462,955	 1,670,367		792,588	
REVENUE OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,	434,410)		(995,245)	 149,733		1,144,978	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		207,520		500,000			(500,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		207,520		500,000			(500,000)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,	226,890)	\$	(495,245)	149,733	\$	644,978	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					1,965,848			
End of year					\$ 2,115,581			

City of Cottonwood Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transit Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Amounts			
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 383,900	\$ 394,495	\$ 10,595		
Intergovernmental	1,240,860	1,359,270	1,186,526	(172,744)		
Charges for services	206,400	235,630	211,490	(24,140)		
Total revenues	1,447,260	1,978,800	1,792,511	(186,289)		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Transportation	1,804,740	1,850,900	1,789,161	61,739		
Capital outlay	135,000	127,900	28,860	99,040		
Total expenditures	1,939,740	1,978,800	1,818,021	160,779		
REVENUE OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(492,480)		(25,510)	(25,510)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	492,480	-	25,092	25,092		
Total other financing sources (uses)	492,480	_	25,092	25,092		
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	(418)	\$ (418)		
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year						
End of year			\$ (418)			

City of Cottonwood Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amou	nts	1	Actual	Variance with		
Original			Final	A	mounts	Final Budget		
\$	143,000	\$	-	\$	3,776	\$	3,776	
	1,500		538,965		22,240		(516,725)	
	144,500		538,965		26,016		(512,949)	
	143,000		-		-		-	
	0.000		7,000		5 001		1,009	
				-				
	152,000		7,000	-	5,991		1,009	
	(7,500)		531,965		20,025		(511,940)	
	(1,878,510)		-		-		-	
	(1,878,510)						_	
\$	(1,886,010)	\$	531,965		20,025	\$	(511,940)	
					537,964			
				\$	557,989			
		\$ 143,000 1,500 144,500 143,000 9,000 152,000 (7,500) (1,878,510) (1,878,510)	\$ 143,000 \$ 1,500 144,500 \$ 1,500	\$ 143,000 \$ - 1,500 538,965 144,500 538,965 143,000 - 9,000 7,000 152,000 7,000 (7,500) 531,965 (1,878,510) - (1,878,510) -	Original Final A \$ 143,000 \$ - \$ \$ 1,500 538,965 \$ 144,500 538,965 \$ 143,000 - - 9,000 7,000 \$ 152,000 7,000 \$ (7,500) 531,965 \$ (1,878,510) - - (1,878,510) - -	Original Final Amounts \$ 143,000 \$ - \$ 3,776 1,500 538,965 22,240 144,500 538,965 26,016 143,000 - 9,000 7,000 5,991 152,000 7,000 5,991 (7,500) 531,965 20,025 (1,878,510) - (1,878,510) - \$ (1,886,010) \$ 531,965 20,025	Original Final Amounts Final \$ 143,000 \$ - \$ 3,776 \$ 1,500 \$ 22,240 \$ 144,500 \$ 538,965 \$ 26,016 \$ 143,000 - \$ 9,000 7,000 \$ 5,991 \$ 152,000 7,000 \$ 5,991 \$ (7,500) \$ 531,965 \$ 20,025 \$ (1,878,510) \$ (1,886,010) \$ 531,965 \$ 20,025 \$ 537,964	

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Statistical Section

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City of Cottonwood

Statistical Section Overview

This part of the City of Cottonwood's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

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City of Cottonwood Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	27,277,629 3,010,461 (13,832,151)	\$	27,332,884 2,612,991 (15,403,566)	\$	24,457,732 4,287,185 (7,801,463)	\$	26,266,479 3,059,882 (5,612,279)	\$	32,767,938 1,290,122 (7,294,803)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	16,455,939	\$	14,542,309	\$	20,943,454	\$	23,714,082	\$	26,763,257
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	27,089,493 12,252,785 4,198,028	\$	24,493,779 7,536,216 8,424,140	\$	18,333,192 - 10,483,581	\$	13,642,806 1,802,675 9,576,508	\$	5,440,590 2,557,734 15,069,210
Total business-type activities net position	\$	43,540,306	\$	40,454,135	\$	28,816,773	\$	25,021,989	\$	23,067,534
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	54,367,122 15,263,246 (9,634,123)	\$	51,826,663 10,149,207 (6,979,426)	\$	42,790,924 4,287,185 2,682,118	\$	39,909,285 4,862,557 3,964,229	\$	38,208,528 3,847,856 7,774,407
Total primary government net position	\$	59,996,245	\$	54,996,444	\$	49,760,227	\$	48,736,071	\$	49,830,791

City of Cottonwood Net Position by Component (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019

	Fiscal Year										
		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010	
Governmental activities											
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	29,811,017 1,210,126 12,155,916	\$	26,606,032 1,371,766 15,580,011	\$	23,573,513 2,034,245 19,084,334	\$	22,889,100 15,552,386 7,331,500	\$	23,242,386 15,770,678 7,978,540	
Total governmental activities net position	\$	43,177,059	\$	43,557,809	\$	44,692,092	\$	45,772,986	\$	46,991,604	
Business-type activities											
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	4,851,385 2,557,755 15,941,213	\$	4,306,570 2,557,755 15,474,955	\$	3,354,977 2,557,735 18,780,859	\$	7,739,853 - 17,575,709	\$	9,625,579 - 16,318,069	
Total business-type activities net position	\$	23,350,353	\$	22,339,280	\$	24,693,571	\$	25,315,562	\$	25,943,648	
Primary government											
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	34,662,402 3,767,881 28,097,129	\$	30,912,602 3,929,521 31,054,966	\$	26,928,490 4,591,980 37,865,193	\$	30,628,953 15,552,386 24,907,209	\$	32,867,965 15,770,678 24,296,609	
Total primary government net position	\$	66,527,412	\$	65,897,089	\$	69,385,663	\$	71,088,548	\$	72,935,252	

City of Cottonwood Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015				
Expenses									
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ 5,947,814	\$ 5,357,347	\$ 9,016,421	\$ 5,653,593	\$ 4,815,686				
Public Safety	12,099,647	12,214,453	12,252,315	10,567,676	9,270,523				
Highway and streets	1,419,997	1,634,741	3,817,500	3,999,492	4,222,310				
Transportation	2,300,410	2,174,021	<u>-</u>	-	-				
Culture and recreation	4,107,450	4,144,697	3,767,245	4,239,038	3,748,143				
Redevelopment and housing	-	-	-	-	-				
Interest on long-term debt	691,681	614,906	1,208,866	938,399	815,524				
Total governmental activities expenses	26,566,999	26,140,165	30,062,347	25,398,198	22,872,186				
Business-Type Activities									
Water	5,273,405	5,409,263	4,667,663	6,667,587	5,776,752				
Sewer	2,876,534	2,386,840	2,750,544	2,339,933	2,360,966				
Total business-type activities expenses	8,149,939	7,796,103	7,418,207	9,007,520	8,137,718				
Total primary government expenses	\$ 34,716,938	\$ 33,936,268	\$ 37,480,554	\$ 34,405,718	\$ 31,009,904				
Program Revenues									
Governmental Activities:									
Fines, Fees and Charges for services:									
General government	\$ 1,469,608	\$ 1,886,679	\$ 1,745,730	\$ 1,252,512	\$ 1,249,543				
Public safety	888,666	835,855	800,601	626,941	182,682				
Highways and streets	-	-	207,002	358,991	336,854				
Transportation	211,490	207,920	-	-	-				
Culture and leisure	1,029,563	1,093,849	1,023,178	984,529	938,362				
Redevelopment and housing	-	-	-	-	-				
Operating grants and contributions	3,358,972	3,292,725	2,971,986	2,434,617	2,383,018				
Capital grants and contributions	601,461	2,494,456	2,220,427	348,290	288,143				
Total governmental activities program revenues	7,559,760	9,811,484	8,968,924	6,005,880	5,378,602				
Program Revenues									
Business-type activities									
Charges for services:									
Water	7,744,901	8,011,771	7,608,838	7,496,231	7,432,085				
Sewer	3,076,218	2,620,736	2,486,514	2,438,088	2,305,897				
Total business-type activities program revenues	10,821,119	10,632,507	10,095,352	9,934,319	9,737,982				
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 18,380,879	\$ 20,443,991	\$ 19,064,276	\$ 15,940,199	\$ 15,116,584				
Net (Expense) Revenue									
Governmental activities	\$ (19,007,239)	\$ (16,328,681)	\$ (21,093,423)	\$ (19,392,318)	\$ (17,493,584)				
Business-type activities	2,671,180	2,836,404	2,677,145	926,799	1,600,264				
Total primary government	\$ (16,336,059)	\$ (13,492,277)	\$ (18,416,278)	\$ (18,465,519)	\$ (15,893,320)				

City of Cottonwood Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	5,245,413	\$	4,584,034	\$	5,162,738	\$	5,174,022	\$	5,611,820
Public Safety		8,354,188		8,035,427		7,364,363		7,319,363		6,632,795
Highway and streets		3,468,654		3,134,571		2,373,133		2,409,649		3,520,748
Transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		3,687,518		3,561,035		3,347,540		3,092,946		1,499,241
Redevelopment and housing		-		-		120,858		96,330		86,325
Interest on long-term debt		710,755		790,903		822,514		910,875		972,889
Total governmental activities expenses		21,466,528		20,105,970		19,191,146		19,003,185		18,323,818
Business-Type Activities										
Water		6,206,940		6,650,327		5,988,525		6,113,747		5,964,337
Wastewater		2,377,111		2,423,868		2,176,959		2,083,265		2,020,026
Total business-type activities expenses		8,584,051		9,074,195		8,165,484		8,197,012		7,984,363
Total primary government expenses	\$	30,050,579	\$	29,180,165	\$	27,356,630	\$	27,200,197	\$	26,308,181
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Fines, Fees and Charges for services:										
General government	\$	1,248,788	\$	1,234,930	\$	1,740,320	\$	1,037,848	\$	1,270,158
Public safety		65,481		204,582		178,281		164,832		161,427
Highways and streets		362,365		286,118		-		69,734		85,326
Transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and leisure		824,333		829,139		913,028		877,905		435,399
Redevelopment and housing		2 220 406		2 924 452		10,698		1 025 075		2.505.064
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		2,330,406		2,824,452		1,359,992		1,825,975		2,595,064
		509,917 5,341,290		19,699 5,398,920		293,486 4,495,805		327,435 4,303,729		1,251,278 5,798,652
Total governmental activities program revenues		5,341,290		5,398,920		4,495,805		4,303,729		5,798,052
Program Revenues										
Business-type activities										
Charges for services:										
Water		6,818,887		5,885,521		5,699,389		5,609,144		5,024,639
Sewer		2,406,542		1,642,860		1,448,862		1,556,036		1,528,026
Total business-type activities program revenues		9,225,429		7,528,381		7,148,251		7,165,180		6,552,665
Total primary government program revenues	\$	14,566,719	\$	12,927,301	\$	11,644,056	\$	11,468,909	\$	12,351,317
Net (Expense) Revenue									_	_
Governmental activities	\$	(16,125,238)	\$	(14,707,050)	\$	(14,695,341)	\$	(14,699,456)	\$	(12,525,166)
Business-type activities		641,378		(1,545,814)		(1,017,233)		(1,031,832)		(1,431,698)
Total primary government	\$	(15,483,860)	\$	(16,252,864)	\$	(15,712,574)	\$	(15,731,288)	\$	(13,956,864)

City of Cottonwood Changes in Net Position (Continued) **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Fiscal Year										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015						
General Revenue and											
Other Changes in Net Position											
Net Revenue/(Expense)	-	(13,492,277)	(18,416,278)	(18,465,519)	(15,893,320)						
Governmental Activities											
Taxes:											
Sales taxes	16,453,665	14,275,812	\$ 13,982,967	\$ 13,385,256	\$ 12,774,860						
Motor vehicle in-lieu tax	848,579	781,103	758,271	710,155	660,786						
Franchise taxes	404,620	416,542	370,646	349,537	368,062						
Transit occupancy tax	288,333	243,347	214,976	-	-						
State shared revenue	2,666,814	2,637,072	2,528,894	2,422,844	2,393,192						
Investment Income	135,426	75,947	17,668	175,351	146,102						
Miscellaneous	48,496	278,646	445,770	-	-						
Gain on sale of assets	74,936	12,466	3,603	-	-						
Transfers		(8,715,709)		(700,000)							
Total governmental activities	20,920,869	10,005,226	18,322,795	16,343,143	16,343,002						
Business-type activities:											
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	-						
Investment income	364,451	119,643	374,976	327,656	305,896						
Miscellaneous	78,225	60,644	28,288	-	-						
Gain of disposal of capital assets	(27,685)	(95,441)	4,975	-	-						
Transfers		8,715,709		700,000							
Total business activities	414,991	8,800,555	408,239	1,027,656	305,896						
Total primary government	\$ 21,335,860	\$ 18,805,781	\$ 18,731,034	\$ 17,370,799	\$ 16,648,898						
Change in Net Position	\$ 21,335,860	\$ 5,313,504	\$ 314,756	\$ (1,094,720)	\$ 755,578						

City of Cottonwood Changes in Net Position (Continued) **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Fiscal Year									
	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010	
General Revenue and										
Other Changes in Net Position										
	(15,893	,320)	(16,252,864)		(15,712,574)		(15,731,288)		(13,956,864)	
Governmental Activities										
Taxes:										
Sales taxes	\$ 12,774	,860	\$ 11,329,353	\$	10,579,983	\$	10,624,971	\$	10,212,304	
Motor Vehicle in-lieu tax	660	,786	563,851		602,832		582,707		590,201	
Franchise taxes	368	,062	363,653		359,871		240,140		233,128	
Transit occupancy tax		-	-		-		-		-	
Unrestricted state shared revenue	2,393	-	2,088,713		1,831,024		1,890,634		2,199,106	
Investment earnings	146	,102	(71,463)		240,737		142,386		275,152	
Miscellaneous		-	-		-		-		-	
Gain on sale of assets		-	(200.256)		-		-		-	
Transfers			(398,256)	. —						
Total governmental activities	16,343	,002	13,875,851		13,614,447	_	13,480,838		13,509,891	
Business-type activities:										
Impact fees		-	-		-		-		-	
Investment income	305	,896	328,570		395,242		390,179		543,340	
Miscellaneous		-	-		-		-		-	
Gain of disposal of capital assets		-	-		-		13,567		832	
Transfers			398,256							
Total business activities	305	,896	726,826		395,242		403,746		544,172	
Total primary government	\$ 16,648	,898	\$ 14,602,677	\$	14,009,689	\$	13,884,584	\$	14,054,063	
Change in Net Position	\$ 755	,578	\$ (1,650,187)	\$	(1,702,885)	\$	(1,846,704)	\$	97,199	

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City of Cottonwood Fund Balances of Governmental Funds **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	al Year			
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$ 21,568	\$ 29,225	\$ 21,397	\$ 40,249	46,261	20,608	5,095	35,436
Restricted	-	-	-	-	144,477	1,287,757	-	-
Assigned	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,259,750	2,214,190
Unassigned	3,772,894	2,154,755	4,206,786	4,187,934	4,599,804	3,674,772	4,624,668	4,177,319
Total general fund	\$ 4,794,462	\$ 3,183,980	\$ 5,228,183	\$ 5,228,183	\$ 5,790,542	\$ 5,983,137	\$ 5,889,513	\$ 6,426,945
All Other Governmental Funds								
Nonspendable	\$ 40,510	\$ 50,131	\$ 22,275	\$ 15,311	\$ 15,311	\$ 18,988	\$ 21,233	\$ 31,164
Restricted	3,010,461	2,622,474	4,287,185	5,708,599	9,421,521	1,210,126	2,241,263	2,034,245
Assigned	-	-	5,674,582	5,592,044	3,650,405	8,318,189	9,658,940	12,906,562
Unassigned	(418)					(488,916)	(465,433)	(479,188)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,050,553	\$ 2,672,605	\$ 9,984,042	\$11,315,954	\$13,087,237	\$ 9,058,387	\$11,456,003	\$14,492,783
					Fisca	l Year		
					2011	2010		
General Fund								
Nonspendable					\$ 36,961			
Unassigned					\$ 7,018,946			
Reserved						\$ 17,389		
Unreserved						7,105,988		
Total general fund					7,055,907	7,123,377		
All Other Governmental Funds								
Nonspendable					\$ 11,450			
Restricted					15,540,936			
Reserved						2,567,487		
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds						1,096,519		
Capital projects funds						14,152,370		
Debt service funds						(1,357,358)		

Total all other governmental funds

\$15,552,386

\$16,459,018

City of Cottonwood Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	17,146,618	\$	14,935,701	\$	14,568,589	\$	13,734,793	\$	13,142,922
Intergovernmental revenues		6,518,230		8,704,128		7,862,119		5,742,590		5,724,063
Licenses and permits		568,297		327,452		279,814		279,698		229,810
Fines and forfeits		213,450		178,504		147,698		149,459		160,813
Rents and royalties		159,879		118,756		257,931		181,608		143,578
Investment income		134,119		75,947		17,668		174,473		145,268
Charges for services		2,333,342		2,547,571		2,481,394		2,454,952		1,906,025
Contributions		30,935		36,419		31,725		73,607		1,076
Miscellaneous		1,300,823		1,595,475		1,740,887		157,256		267,215
Total revenues		28,405,693		28,519,953		27,387,825		22,948,436		21,720,770
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		6,139,003		6,103,437		5,705,624		4,665,822		4,510,920
Public safety		11,071,615		10,801,786		10,657,958		9,251,574		8,254,360
Highways and street		908,747		1,059,037		2,429,760		2,816,635		3,111,725
Transportation		1,789,161		1,598,318		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		3,303,096		3,401,603		3,222,539		3,198,799		3,059,962
Redevelopment and housing		-		-		-		-		-
Captial outlay		2,200,382		3,672,088		5,157,047		2,341,365		5,498,903
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		1,544,610		1,783,911		1,776,500		1,322,010		1,332,649
Interest on long-term debt		828,946		752,170		999,972		985,873		695,238
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-		137,693
Total expenditures		27,785,560		29,172,350		29,949,400		24,582,078		26,601,450
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		620,133		(652,397)		(2,561,575)		(1,633,642)		(4,880,680)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of long-term debt		1,285,928		-		13,544,732		-		8,115,584
Premium on issuance of long-term debt		-		-		1,524,485		-		601,351
Deposit to escrow for bond refunding		-		-		(13,613,249)		-		-
Cost of issuance		-		-		(238,961)		-		-
Sales of Property		82,369		12,466		12,656		-		-
Capital lease agreements		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		25,512		5,146,961		1,112,808		4,216		3,119,148
Transfers out		(25,512)	_	(13,862,670)	_	(1,112,808)	_	(704,216)		(3,119,048)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,368,297		(8,703,243)		1,229,663		(700,000)		8,717,035
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,988,430	\$	(9,355,640)	\$	(1,331,912)	\$	(2,333,642)	\$	3,836,355

City of Cottonwood Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				I	Fiscal Year		
		2014	 2013		2012	 2011	 2010
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	12,648,502	\$ 10,939,854	\$	10,939,854	\$ 10,865,111	\$ 10,445,432
Intergovernmental revenues		5,714,445	3,953,440		3,953,440	4,618,408	6,634,866
Licenses and permits		292,341	120,239		120,239	141,637	164,880
Fines and forfeits		176,208	220,557		220,557	167,312	144,122
Rents and royalties		162,606	95,311		95,311	114,985	113,126
Investment income		211,420	239,608		239,608	142,754	272,061
Charges for services		1,739,844	2,322,410		2,322,410	1,780,365	1,767,486
Contributions		9,292	133,894		133,894	8,343	783
Miscellaneous		129,968	83,810		83,810	123,955	 137,220
Total revenues		21,084,626	 18,109,123		18,109,123	 17,962,870	 19,679,976
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		4,347,532	4,909,750		4,909,750	4,561,617	5,207,435
Public safety		7,888,166	6,843,873		6,843,873	6,908,826	6,634,825
Highways and street		2,565,264	1,788,597		1,788,597	1,940,247	3,078,858
Transportation		-	-		-	-	-
Culture and recreation		2,869,610	2,437,903		2,437,903	2,269,302	1,685,493
Redevelopment and housing		-	113,931		113,931	96,565	89,036
Captial outlay		4,598,404	1,872,067		1,872,067	738,814	14,438,028
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		1,241,480	1,612,775		1,612,775	1,513,413	1,501,347
Interest on long-term debt		728,162	819,827		819,827	908,188	970,202
Bond issuance costs		-	-		-	-	-
Total expenditures		24,238,618	20,398,723		20,398,723	18,936,972	33,605,224
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,153,992)	 (2,289,600)		(2,289,600)	(974,102)	(13,925,248)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Issuance of long-term debt		-	-		-	-	-
Premium on issuance of long-term debt		-	-		-	-	-
Deposit to escrow for bond refunding		-	-		-	-	-
Cost of issuance		-	-		-	-	-
Sales of Property		-	-		-	-	-
Capital lease agreements		850,000	601,035		601,035	-	379,450
Transfers in		305,268	-		-	-	807,565
Transfers out		(305,268)					(807,565)
Total other financing sources (uses)		850,000	601,035		601,035	-	379,450
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,303,992)	\$ (1,688,565)	\$	(1,688,565)	\$ (974,102)	\$ (13,545,798)

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City of Cottonwood General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	Occupancy Tax	Franchise Tax	Utility Taxes	Total
2019	16,136,973	288,333	404,620	316,692	17,146,618
2018	14,453,403	243,347	416,542	252,417	15,365,709
2017	13,982,967	214,976	370,646	224,390	14,792,979
2016	12,967,957	187,211	349,537	230,088	13,734,793
2015	12,390,295	161,960	368,062	222,605	13,142,922
2014	11,930,653	129,820	371,886	216,143	12,648,502
2013	11,014,097	105,538	363,653	209,718	11,693,006
2012	10,265,355	104,143	359,871	210,485	10,939,854
2011	10,319,948	101,677	240,140	203,346	10,865,111
2010	9,925,087	93,694	233,128	193,523	10,445,432

City of Cottonwood Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates

Fiscal Year	City of Cottonwood	Yavapai County	State of Arizona
2019	3.50	0.75	5.6
2018	3.00	0.75	5.60
2017	3.00	0.75	5.60
2016	3.00	0.75	5.60
2015	3.00	0.75	5.60
2014	3.00	0.75	5.60
2013	3.00	0.75	5.60
2012	3.00	0.75	5.60
2011	3.00	0.75	5.60
2010	3.00	0.75	5.60

Source: The source of this information is the Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values, Arizona Tax Research Foundation

City of Cottonwood Taxable Sales By Category Last Ten Calendar Years (10,000)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Construction	\$ 29,985	\$ 27,795	\$ 28,548	\$ 12,131	\$ 19,450
Manufacturing	2,512	3,998	754	8,210	7,198
Communications and utilities	16,041	12,647	12,647	6,642	12,769
Wholesale Trade		-		-	3,343
Retail Trade	331,672	343,540	343,540	307,992	292,839
Restaurants and Bars	46,149	43,296	43,296	38,022	36,101
Real estate, rental and lease	40,220	38,158	38,159	35,800	37,018
Hotels and Other Lodging	21,596	15,023	15,023	6,509	10,366
Services		-		-	10,999
All Others Not Specified	 1,048	 483	2,973	 57,943	9,857
Total	\$ 489,223	\$ 484,940	\$ 484,940	\$ 473,249	\$ 439,940

City of Cottonwood Taxable Sales By Category (Continued) Last Ten Calendar Years

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Construction	\$ 19,609	\$ 19,783	\$ 19,783	\$ 12,410	\$ 14,738
Manufacturing	7,055	6,146	6,146	5,803	6,026
Communications and utilities	12,115	12,293	12,293	12,786	12,226
Wholesale Trade	2,465	2,270	2,270	2,005	2,321
Retail Trade	268,377	260,464	260,464	236,753	227,250
Restaurants and Bars	34,066	31,607	31,607	29,636	27,550
Real estate, rental and lease	39,539	36,120	36,120	31,397	33,370
Hotels and Other Lodging	8,816	7,754	7,754	7,443	7,172
Services	9,924	9,402	9,402	8,359	8,127
All Others Not Specified	 2,703	5,292	 5,292	5,347	5,566
Total	\$ 404,669	\$ 391,129	\$ 391,129	\$ 351,939	\$ 344,346

Source: The source of this information is the Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: Taxable sales were only available on a calendar year basis.

The Department of Revenue has changed the way that they report sales tax to the Cities and some of the categories change in 2016

City of Cottonwood Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	eral Obligation l Other Bonds	Notes and Loans Payable	Capital Leas	ses	Total	
2019	\$ 19,498,151	\$ -	1,	844,552	\$	21,342,703
2018	20,979,005	-	1,	140,441		22,119,446
2017	22,531,286	-	1,	670,484		24,201,770
2016	8,686,868	14,177,929		895,278		23,760,075
2015	8,716,935	15,070,336	1,	307,288		25,094,559
2014	-	15,700,000	1,	764,937		17,464,937
2013	150,000	16,865,000	1,	316,417		18,331,417
2012	290,000	17,975,000	1,	057,258		19,322,258
2011	290,000	17,975,000		819,000		19,084,000
2010	425,000	19,045,000	1,	127,000		20,597,000

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: N/A indicates the information was either not available or not applicable.

City of Cottonwood Outstanding Debt by Type (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Business-Type Activites								Total Outstanding Debt				
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Re	venue Bonds	Loans Payable		Capital Leases		Total		Total Debt		Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	
2019	\$	3,193,930	\$	21,011,061	\$	-	\$	24,204,991	\$	45,547,694	N/A	\$	_
2018		3,340,090		22,343,732		413,270		26,097,092		48,216,538	N/A		-
2017		3,244,416		22,418,796		820,068		26,483,280		50,685,050	N/A		4,228
2016		23,911,915		23,756,290		1,220,494		48,888,699		72,648,774	18.76		6,147
2015		24,551,327		9,696,290		1,614,650		35,862,267		60,956,826	15.75		5,161
2014		31,750,000		-		2,000,000		33,750,000		51,214,937	13.72		4,337
2013		32,725,000		-		-		32,725,000		51,056,417	13.67		4,323
2012		33,690,000		-		-		33,690,000		53,012,258	14.42		4,668
2011		33,690,000		-		-		33,690,000		52,774,000	14.22		4,685
2010		34,610,000		-		-		34,610,000		55,207,000	13.76		4,533

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records. Note: N/A

Note: N/A indicates the information was either not available or not applicable.

City of Cottonwood Ratios of Debt Outstanding Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	E Year Bac		 Taxable Sales	Percentage of outstanding bonds to taxable sales	Population	Net general obligation bonded debt per capita		
2019	\$	17,769,764	\$ 501,274,855	3.54%	12,249	\$	1,451	
2018		19,081,960	484,940,003	3.93	12,133		1,573	
2017		20,465,584	473,249,667	4.32	11,990		1,707	
2016		11,360,000	439,940,000	2.58	11,818		961	
2015		11,360,000	404,669,000	2.81	11,810		962	
2014		-	391,129,000	0.00	11,810		-	
2013		150,000	372,907,000	0.04	11,810		13	
2012		290,000	351,940,000	0.08	11,356		26	
2011		290,000	344,346,000	0.08	11,265		26	
2010		425,000	358,070,000	0.12	12,180		35	

Sources: The City of Cottonwood, Arizona and the Department of Economic Security.

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City of Cottonwood Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

vernmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Amous Overlapping Debt	
Overlapping Debt:					
Yavapai Community College		28,600,000	42.98%		12,292,280
Mingus Union High School District	\$	14,995,000	11.39%	\$	1,707,931
Total Overlapping Debt					14,000,211
Direct:					
City of Cottonwood					23,760,075
Total Direct Debt					37,760,286

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL BONDED DEBT RATIOS

Net Direct General Obligation Bonded Debt

As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation N/A

Net Direct and Overlapping General Bonded Debt

Per Capita	\$ 3,195.00
As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation	36.93%
As a Percentage of Gross Full Cash Value	5.51%

Source: The source of this information is the City's records and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue and the applicable government unit.

Notes: 1) Estimated percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the City is calculated based on a portion of the City's net limited assessed valuation as a percentage of the net limited assessed valuation of the overlapping jurisdiction.

2) Outstanding debt as of June 30, 2015 is presented for the overlapping governments as this is the most recent available information.

City of Cottonwood Legal Debt Margin Information **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Total Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2019:

Net full cash assessed valuation

\$127,935,855

Debt limit (6%)

7,676,151

Debt applicable to limit

Legal debt margin

\$135,612,006

	2019			2018		2017		2016		2015	
Total 20% Debt Limit		25,587,171		24,009,228		\$19,767,803		\$20,447,479	\$	18,658,140	
Total net debt applicable to 20% limit		0		0		0		0		0	
Legal 20% debt margin	\$	25,587,171	\$	24,009,228	\$	19,767,803	\$	20,447,479	\$	18,658,140	
Total net debt applicable to the 20% limit as a percentage of 20% debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Total 6% Debt Limit		\$7,676,151		7,202,768		\$5,930,341		\$6,134,244	\$	5,597,442	
Total net debt applicable to 6% limit		0		0		0		0		0	
Legal 6% debt margin	\$	7,676,151	\$	7,202,768	\$	5,930,341	\$	6,134,244	\$	5,597,442	
Total net debt applicable to the 6% limit											

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: For statutory purposes, the City's outstanding bonds are not considered general obligation bonds subject to the statutory limits listed above because the City's bonds outstanding were secured by state shared revenues and sales tax rather than property taxes.

City of Cottonwood Legal Debt Margin Information (Continued) **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Total Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2019:

Net full cash assessed valuation

\$127,935,855

Debt limit (20%)

25,587,171

Debt application to limit

Legal debt margin

\$153,523,026

		2014	2013		2012		2011		2010
Total 20% Debt Limit	\$	19,360,743	\$ 21,087,938	\$	24,518,865	\$	28,743,703	\$	29,279,209
Total net debt applicable to 20% limit		0	0		0		0		0
Legal 20% debt margin	\$	19,360,743	\$ 21,087,938	\$	24,518,865	\$	28,743,703	\$	29,279,209
Total net debt applicable to the 20% limit as a percentage of 20% debt limit	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
		2014	2013		2012		2011		2010
Total 6% Debt Limit	\$	5,808,223	\$ 6,326,381	\$	7,355,660	\$	8,623,111	\$	8,783,763
Total net debt applicable to 6% limit		0	0		0		0		0
Legal 6% debt margin	\$	5,808,223	\$ 6,326,381	\$	7,355,660	\$	8,623,111	\$	8,783,763
Total net debt applicable to the 6% limit as a percentage of 6% debt limit		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: For statutory purposes, the City's outstanding bonds are not considered general obligation bonds subject to the statutory limits listed above because the City's bonds outstanding were secured by state shared revenues and sales tax rather than property taxes.

City of Cottonwood Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending									
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015					
WIFA Loan/ Water Revenue Bonds:										
Water charges and other (1)	\$ 7,744,901	\$ 7,744,901	\$ 7,608,838	\$ 7,819,312	\$ 7,736,434					
Less: Operating expenses (2)	5,273,405	4,859,357	4,489,731	3,591,176	3,169,489					
Net available revenue	2,471,496	2,885,544	3,119,107	4,228,136	4,566,945					
Debt Service										
Principal	1,332,671	-	709,004	610,000	1,000,000					
Interest	398,108	-	613,923	1,205,635	1,464,618					
Total Annual Requirement	1,730,779	-	1,322,927	1,815,635	2,464,618					
Estimated Coverage	1.43	N/A	2.33	2.33	1.85					
Excise Tax Revenue/General Obligation Bonds	s (3)(4)									
Pledged revenues	16,736,469	14,949,167	14,070,668	15,808,100	15,168,053					
Debt Service										
Principal	465,000	-	-	-	-					
Interest	455,425	-	-	465,916	-					
Total Annual Requirement	920,425	-	-	465,916	-					
Estimated Coverage	18.18	N/A	N/A	33.93	N/A					
General Arizona Development Authority Loan	1 (3)									
Pledged revenues	16,736,469	-	-	15,808,100	15,168,053					
Debt Service										
Principal	980,000	-	-	875,000	840,000					
Interest	397,675	-	-	631,276	683,076					
Total Annual Requirement	1,377,675	-	-	1,506,276	1,523,076					
Estimated Coverage	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.49	9.96					

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Notes: 1) Water charges and other includes charges for services, investment income, and miscellaneous revenues.

²⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation and interest expense.

³⁾ Information prior to 2008 is not available for the General Obligation and General Arizona Development Authority Loans.

⁴⁾ Final payments on the general obligations bonds were made in fiscal year 2014.

City of Cottonwood Pledged Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending										
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010						
WIFA Loan/ Water Revenue Bonds:											
Water charges and other (1)	\$ 7,185,880	\$ 6,203,779	\$ 6,046,477	\$ 5,987,454	\$ 5,499,709						
Less: Operating expenses (2)	3,754,462	3,855,986	3,627,892	3,109,285	3,296,423						
Net available revenue	3,431,418	2,347,793	2,418,585	2,878,169	2,203,286						
Debt Service											
Principal	975,000	965,000	920,000	920,000	905,000						
Interest	1,482,773	1,559,310	1,592,304	1,561,373	1,624,304						
Total Annual Requirement	2,457,773	2,524,310	2,512,304	2,481,373	2,529,304						
Estimated Coverage	1.40	0.93	0.96	1.16	0.87						
Excise Tax Revenue/General Obligation Bonds (3)(4)											
Pledged revenues	12,276,616	11,329,353	10,579,983	7,794,838	125,000						
Debt Service											
Principal	150,000	140,000	135,000	135,000	125,000						
Interest	4,150	12,175	23,500	23,500	30,400						
Total Annual Requirement	154,150	152,175	158,500	158,500	155,400						
Estimated Coverage	79.64	74.45	66.75	49.18	47.98						
General Arizona Development Authority Loan ((3)										
Pledged revenues	14,512,780	13,418,066	12,411,007	11,576,006	11,853,962						
Debt Service											
Principal	1,165,000	1,110,000	1,070,000	1,070,000	1,030,000						
Interest	724,776	749,675	977,703	842,577	885,492						
Total Annual Requirement	1,889,776	1,859,675	2,047,703	1,912,577	1,915,492						
Estimated Coverage	7.68	7.22	6.06	6.05	6.19						

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Notes: 1) Water charges and other includes charges for services, investment income, and miscellaneous revenues.

²⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation and interest expense.

³⁾ Information prior to 2008 is not available for the General Obligation and General Arizona Development Authority Loans.

⁴⁾ Final payments on the general obligations bonds were made in fiscal year 2014.

City of Cottonwood Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (2)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	School Enrollment	City of Cottonwood Unemployment Rates (4)
2019	12,249	N/A	N/A	3,283	4.90
2018	12,133	N/A	N/A	3,487	4.40
2017	11,974	N/A	N/A	3,331	4.60 2
2016	11,818	8,199,948	36,353	3,060	5.40 2
2015	11,810	7,888,490	35,600	3,191	6.00 2
2014	11,532	7,482,253	34,259	3,351	7.10 2
2013	11,402	6,936,360	32,222	3,102	7.90 2
2012	11,313	6,623,513	31,174	2,889	8.20 2
2011	11,224	6,387,827	30,255	3,108	10.40 2
2010	11,238	6,141,108	29,088	2,722	9.70
2009	11,379	6,301,415	29,840	2,876	9.10
2008	11,399	6,501,350	30,781	3,369	5.10

Source:

The City of Cottonwood, Arizona, the Economic Estimates Commissions, and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

- 1) U.S. Census Bureau 2010 Census
- 2) Yavapai County Unemployment Rate
- 3) Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity

Note: Per capita personal income is based on the calendar year information ending during that fiscal year.

City of Cottonwoood Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago

	20	19	2010				
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Percentage of Total Area Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total Area Employment			
Verde Vally Medical Center	1,108	0.010 %	900	0.008 %			
Wal-Mart	351	0.003	400	0.004			
Cottonwood Oak Creek Schools	300	0.003	257	0.002			
City of Cottonwood	209	0.002	189	0.002			
Mingus Union High School	136	0.001	160	0.001			
Fry's	107	0.001	135	0.001			
Spectrum Healthcare	140	0.001	104	0.001			
Home Depot		0.000	110	0.001			
Safeway	110	0.001	98	0.001			
Food City	50	0.000	35	0.000			
Total	2,511	 %	2,388	2% %			
Total employment	109568		97345				

Source: The source of this information is the City's records.

Note: Total employment is shown for Yavapai County for 2019

City of Cottonwood Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30										
_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Function/Program											
General Government	• • • • •										
Management Services	20.50	14.00	14.00	18.50	19.50	11.80	15.80	14.80	10.80	11.80	
Finance	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.20	3.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	
Planning	8.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	4.00	6.00	6.00	
Building	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	-	-	6.50	-	-	-	
Legal	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	
Court	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	
Total general government	42.50	35.00	35.00	38.50	34.00	28.00	38.50	30.00	28.00	28.00	
Public Safety											
Police	62.00	61.00	64.00	63.50	57.50	57.50	48.50	49.50	46.50	47.50	
Firefighters	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	29.00	29.00	
Total public safety	90.00	89.00	92.00	91.50	85.50	85.50	76.50	77.50	75.50	76.50	
Public Works											
Engineering	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	
Others	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	9.50	5.50	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	
Streets	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	5.50	5.50	5.00	6.00	
Total public works	11.50	11.50	11.50	13.50	18.00	15.00	14.50	15.50	14.00	15.00	
Parks and Recreation	12.00	17.50	17.50	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	19.50	21.00	21.00	
Library	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	11.00	
Water	19.60	18.60	18.60	18.80	18.30	17.80	18.80	18.10	17.30	16.20	
Sewer	10.40	10.40	10.40	10.80	11.30	10.80	10.80	10.40	10.30	10.40	
Transit	14.00	14.00	17.00	14.00	13.00	12.00	11.00		11.00	11.00	
	65.00	69.50	72.50	64.60	63.60	61.60	63.60	59.00	69.60	69.60	
Total	209.00	205.00	211.00	208.10	201.10	190.10	193.10	182.00	187.10	189.10	

Source: The source of this information is the City's Annual Budget.

City of Cottonwood Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Function/Program											
Police											
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Patrol units		34	32	32	28	26	27	20	30	19	
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public works											
Streets (miles)	67	52	52	62	63	63	63	63	63	63	
Highways (Miles)	12	12	12	12	20	20	20	10	10	10	
Streetlights	644	644	644	644	644	644	644	644	644	644	
Traffic Signals	1	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Recreation and culture											
Acreage	39	39	39	39	125	125	125	125	125	125	
Playgrounds	2	2	2	2	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Soccer/Football Fields	1	1	1	1	4	4	4	4	3	3	
Community Centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Water											
Water Mains (Miles)	189	187	186	186	94	94	94	94	92	92	
Fire Hydrants	514	512	496	496	687	579	573	569	558	558	
Storage Capacity	4450	4450	4,450	4,450	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,208	3,208	3,208	
(Thousands of gallons)											
Wastewater											
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	62	61	60	60	51	50	50	49	49	49	
Treatment Capacity	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
(Millions of Gallons)											
Transportation											
Buses	20	19	19	19	14	11	11	N/A	N/A	9	

Source: The source of this information is the City's facilities records.

Note: N/A indicates that the information is not available.

City of Cottonwood Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2019 #	2018	2017	2016	2015					
Function/Program										
General Government										
Building Permits Issued	590	479	373	379	304					
Police										
Physical Arrests		1,921	756	1,703	1,390					
Parking Violations		137	N/A	87	177					
Traffic Violations		2,037	1,248	2,199	1,450					
Fire										
Emergency Responses	3,448	3,655	3,626	3,455	3,080					
Fires Extinguished	304	305	315	291	245					
Inspections	1,398	1,306	1,543	1,649	1,591					
Public Works										
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	0.74	1	N/A	0.8	0.8					
Library										
Volumes in Collection	110,034	109,308	133,668	110,385	137,444					
Total Volumes Borrowed	197,357	208,580	241,679	264,135	283,432					
Water										
New Connections	86	91	N/A	74	29					
Water Main Breaks	188	156	N/A	131	120					
Average Daily Consumption										
(Thousands of Gallons)	1821	1,880	N/A	2,800	2,083					
Peak Daily Consumption										
(Thousands of Gallons)	2326	2,470	N/A	3,200	2,625					
Wastewater										
Average Daily Sewage Treatment										
(Thousands of Gallons)	1.012 mgd	1.0 mgd	949	949	949					
Transit										
Total Route Miles	455,476	451,022	435,228	416,116	266,688					
Passengers	164,930	165,099	150,354	153,889	149,492					

Source: The source of this information is the City's facilities records.

Notes: 1) N/A indicates the information was either not available or not applicable.
2) *The significant decline was due to the elimination of a portion of the City's transit.

City of Cottonwood Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010					
Function/Program										
General Government										
Building Permits Issued	301	291	251	208	205					
Police										
Physical Arrests	813	1,355	1,564	1,292	1,675					
Parking Violations	118	108	75 #	127	86					
Traffic Violations	1,827	2,152	1,850	1,607	2,261					
Fire										
Emergency Responses	2,756	2,699	2,804	2,550	2,377					
Fires Extinguished	241	208	247	242	211					
Inspections	1,896	1,650	1,559	2,063	1,865					
Public Works										
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	0.3	1.0	N/A	8.3	6.0					
Library										
Volumes in Collection	106,713	104,052	96,673	102,015	89,300					
Total Volumes Borrowed	228,870	218,391	245,786	246,786	377,110					
Water										
New Connections	48	30	12	26	13					
Water Main Breaks	183	125	150	237	212					
Average Daily Consumption										
(Thousands of Gallons)	2,235	2,095	2,096	2,073	2,595					
Peak Daily Consumption										
(Thousands of Gallons)	3,147	2,763	2,714	2,654	3,452					
Wastewater										
Average Daily Sewage Treatment										
(Thousands of Gallons)	969	963	983	957	963					
Transit										
Total Route Miles	321,387	267,256	N/A	94,804*	180,230					
Passengers	122,874	117,519	N/A	2,009*	48,164					

Source: The source of this information is the City's facilities records.

Notes: 1) N/A indicates the information was either not available or not applicable.

^{2) *}The significant decline was due to the elimination of a portion of the City's transit.

City of Cottonwood Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for Year Ending June 30, 2019